



**CHECKLIST FOR CONN. GEN. STAT. § 10a-55m(f)**  
**SEXUAL VIOLENCE REPORT**  
**2017 SUBMISSION**

**INSTITUTION INFORMATION**

**Name:** Quinebaug Valley Community College **Contact:** Paul Martland, Dean

**Reporting Office/Department:** Administration/HR **Report Year:** 2016

**NARRATIVE**

Institution's narrative explaining the reported sexual violence statistics and data, including:

- ☒ Brief introduction about the institution, its history, its population and its efforts to ensure a safe and comfortable learning environment with respect to sexual violence.
- ☒ Concise and informative explanation of reportable sexual violence statistics and data, including clarification of number of incidents, reports, disclosures, discipline, and final outcomes.

**Note:**

**POLICIES**

Institution's most recent policies regarding sexual assault, stalking, and intimate partner violence.

- ☒ BOR/CSCU Sexual Misconduct Reporting, Support Services and Processes Policy (Effective 6/16/2016)
- ☒ BOR/CSCU Policy on Consensual Relationships (Effective 10/20/2016)
- ☒ BOR/CSCU Policy Regarding Reporting Suspected Abuse or Neglect of a Child (Effective 1/10/2015)
- ☒ BOR/CSCU Student Code of Conduct (Effective 6/16/2016)

**Note:**

**WRITTEN NOTIFICATION**

☒ Institution's most recent concise written notification of the rights and options of a student or employee who reports or discloses an alleged violation of its sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence policy or policies.

## SEXUAL VIOLENCE STATISTICS AND DATA

Institution reports containing the following statistics and data on sexual assault, stalking, and intimate partner violence for the preceding calendar year:

*(See Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10a-*

*55m(f) Reportable Statistics and Data Template)*

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The number and type of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence prevention, awareness and risk reduction programs at the institution | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The number of confidential or anonymous reports or disclosures to the institution of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The type of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence prevention and awareness campaigns held by the institution                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The number of disciplinary cases at the institution related to sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The number of incidences of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence reported or disclosed to such institution                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The final outcome of all disciplinary cases at the institution related to sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence, including, but not limited to, the outcome of any appeals of such final outcome, to the extent reporting on such outcomes does not conflict with federal law |

## PUBLIC AWARENESS, PREVENTION, AND RISK REDUCTION INFORMATION

Public awareness, prevention, and risk reduction information submitted by institution:

- ☐ Brochures
- ☐ Handbooks/Booklets/Pamphlets
- ☐ Bulletin Boards Information
- ☒ Flyers
- ☐ Online Statements of Campus Safety and Support Services (e.g., Women's Centers, etc.)
- ☐ PowerPoint Presentations

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental information submitted by institution:

- ☐ Public Safety Materials
- ☒ Institution Sexual Violence Reporting Procedures
- ☒ Institution Sexual Violence Forms
- ☐ Redacted Sample of Investigation Results
- ☐ Sexual Violence Website Information
- ☐ Documentation of Training Offerings, if available, including number of participants
- ☐ Other Sexual Violence Reports
- ☐ Other Supplemental Material

## Quinebaug Valley community College

### Annual Report on the Implementation of Public Act 14-11

#### Progress Narrative

During calendar year 2016, the College continued its efforts to fully implement the provisions of Connecticut Public Act 14-11, “An Act Concerning Sexual Assault, Stalking and Intimate Partner Violence on Campus”; the Federal “Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013”; and the new requirements of the “Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act of 1998:”. Quinebaug Valley Community College is committed to fulfilling its duty under these laws to provide a safe environment for student, faculty, staff and visitors.

Building upon its 2015 efforts, the College has continued and strengthened its permanent compliance infrastructure. QVCC continues to partner with the Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Eastern Connecticut (SACCEC) to provide assistance, advocacy, emotional support and counseling to victims of sexual violence. The College also continues its partnership with United Services, Inc. to provide similar support services for victims of domestic violence. Both third party vendors provide services to victims with the highest level of confidentiality allowed under State and Federal laws. Support services at the third party vendors are accessible to victims by telephone hotlines on a 24/7 basis. Representatives from each vendor serve as members of QVCC’s Campus Resource Team and provide on campus training opportunities to QVCC students, faculty and staff (See attachments 1A and 1B for copies of the MOAs with each provider).

QVCC’s Campus Resource Team (CRT) was active in 2016. The internal team met once in the spring 2016 semester and twice in the fall 2016 semester. The full CRT, including representatives from the third party providers and local law enforcement agencies, met once in the spring semester and once in the fall semester. (See attachment 2 for a CRT membership list).

During the spring semester, the team facilitated awareness training and programs. In March, faculty member Heath Hightower conducted a presentation to staff regarding responsibilities to report student disclosure of sexual violence, domestic violence and stalking. Staff were provided copies of the protocol, resource sheet and tracking forms. (See copies in attachment 3). April was a particularly active month of awareness and training. The Gay Alliance of Rochester came to the Danielson campus to provide Safe Zone training to 32 Faculty and Staff members in early April. The Student Success Center set up a LGTBQIA information and resource table on April 4<sup>th</sup>. On April 7<sup>th</sup>, the Stonewall Speakers presented at Danielson and Willimantic about the LGTBQIA experience in Connecticut. On April 27<sup>th</sup>, the Associate Director of SACCEC conducted Sexual Assault Awareness Training for 29 Faculty and Staff Members.

The fall semester began with a presentation on healthy relationships conducted by faculty member Heath Hightower at new student orientation. In October, there was a month long display of “the Clothesline Project” at the Willimantic campus to bring domestic violence awareness. Also in October, United Services presented Domestic Violence Awareness Month

training to students and staff. On October 31<sup>st</sup>, “In Her Shoes”, an interactive presentation about survivors of domestic violence was presented at the Willimantic Center. In December, a month long display of “the Clothesline Project” was presented at the Danielson Campus.

Through the year, information was made available on the Campus Resource Boards at the Danielson and Willimantic Campuses as well as the Rainbow Resource Boards at both campuses.

In 2016, QVCC was again fortunate to not have any incidents of sexual assault occur on either of its campuses. The CRT was made aware of protective/restraining orders involving students as the protectee. Security guards and relevant staff were made aware of the orders as needed. There was a student complaint of possible stalking by another student. This incident was investigated and resulted in reprimands of the student involved with the approval of the complainant. There were no other incidents after the reprimand. There was also a staff complaint of possible stalking by another staff member. This incident was investigated and resulted in a reprimand to the staff involved with the approval of the complainant. There were no other incidents after the reprimand.

The College continued its partnership with a third party security firm to provide guards at the Danielson Campus and Willimantic center. The guards provide on-site patrolling as well as monitoring of the security camera system.

QVCC is proud of its continuing progress during the 2016 year to comply with the requirements of PA 14-11 and look forward to updating the Legislature one year from now.

**Board of Regents for Higher Education  
Connecticut State Colleges and Universities**

**Policy Regarding  
Sexual Misconduct Reporting, Support Services and Processes Policy**

***Statement of Policy***

The Board of Regents for Higher Education (BOR) in conjunction with the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities (CSCU) is committed to insuring that each member of every BOR governed college and university community has the opportunity to participate fully in the process of education and development. The BOR and CSCU strive to maintain a safe and welcoming environment free from acts of sexual misconduct, intimate partner violence and stalking. It is the intent of the BOR and each of its colleges or universities to provide safety, privacy and support to victims of sexual misconduct and intimate partner violence.

The BOR strongly encourages victims to report any instance of sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking and intimate partner violence, as an effective means of taking action by reporting such acts to the appropriate officials and pursuing criminal or disciplinary remedies, or both. The only way that action can be taken against anyone who violates another in such a manner is through reporting. Each and every BOR governed college and university shall provide those who report sexual misconduct with many supportive options, including referral to agencies that provide medical attention, counseling, legal services, advocacy, referrals and general information regarding sexual misconduct. Each and every BOR governed college and university will preserve the confidentiality of those who report sexual misconduct to the fullest extent possible and allowed by law. All BOR and CSCU employees, victim support persons and community victim advocates being consulted will make any limits of confidentiality clear before any disclosure of facts takes place. Other than confidential resources as defined above, in addition to employees who qualify as Campus Security Authorities under the Jeanne Clery Act, all BOR and CSCU employees are required to immediately communicate to the institution's designated recipient any disclosure or report of sexual misconduct received from a student as well as communicate any disclosure or report of sexual misconduct the employee received from another employee when misconduct is related to the business of the institution.

Affirmative consent must be given by all parties before engaging in sexual activity. Affirmative consent means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person. Sexual misconduct, as defined herein, is a violation of BOR policies and, in addition, may subject an accused student or employee to criminal penalties. The BOR and each of its governed colleges and universities are committed to providing an environment free of personal offenses. Sexual relationships of any kind between staff/faculty and students are discouraged pursuant to BOR policy.

The Board of Regents for Higher Education hereby directs the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities to implement the Policy stated above pursuant to the following provisions:

***Terms, Usage and Standards***

**Consent** must be affirmed and given freely, willingly, and knowingly of each participant to desired sexual involvement. Consent is a mutually affirmative, conscious decision – indicated clearly by words or actions – to engage in mutually accepted sexual contact. Consent may be revoked at any time during the sexual activity by any person engaged in the activity.

Affirmative consent may never be assumed because there is no physical resistance or other negative response. A person who initially consents to sexual activity shall be deemed not to have affirmatively consented to any such activity which occurs after that consent is withdrawn. It is the responsibility of each person to assure that he or she has the affirmative consent of all persons engaged in the sexual activity to engage in the sexual activity and that affirmative consent is sustained throughout the sexual activity. It shall not be a valid excuse to an alleged lack of affirmative consent that the student or employee responding to the alleged violation believed that the student reporting or disclosing the alleged violation consented to the activity (i) because the responding student or employee was intoxicated or reckless or failed to take reasonable steps to ascertain whether the student or employee reporting or disclosing the alleged violation affirmatively consented, or (ii) if the responding student or employee knew or should have known that the student or employee reporting or disclosing the alleged violation was unable to consent because the student or employee was unconscious, asleep, unable to communicate due to a mental or physical condition, or incapacitated due to the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. The existence of a past or current dating or sexual relationship between the persons involved in the alleged violation shall not be determinative of a finding of affirmative consent.

**Report** of sexual misconduct is the receipt of a communication of an incident of sexual misconduct accompanied by a request for an investigation or adjudication by the institution.

**Disclosure** is the receipt of any communication of an incident of sexual misconduct that is not accompanied by a request for an investigation or adjudication by the institution.

**Sexual misconduct** includes engaging in any of the following behaviors:

- (a) **Sexual harassment**, which can include any unwelcome sexual advance or request for sexual favors, or any conduct of a sexual nature when submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's education or employment; submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as a basis for academic or employment decisions affecting the individual; or such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's academic or work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive educational or employment environment. Examples of conduct which may constitute sexual harassment include but are not limited to:
- sexual flirtation, touching, advances or propositions
  - verbal abuse of a sexual nature
  - pressure to engage in sexual activity
  - graphic or suggestive comments about an individual's dress or appearance
  - use of sexually degrading words to describe an individual

Sexual Misconduct Reporting  
Support Services and Processes Policy

- display of sexually suggestive objects, pictures or photographs
- sexual jokes
- stereotypic comments based upon gender
- threats, demands or suggestions that retention of one's educational status is contingent upon toleration of or acquiescence in sexual advances.

Retaliation is prohibited and occurs when a person is subjected to an adverse employment or educational action because he or she made a complaint under this policy or assisted or participated in any manner in an investigation.

- (b) **Sexual assault** shall include but is not limited to a sexual act directed against another person without the consent (as defined herein) of the other person or when that person is not capable of giving such consent:

Sexual assault is further defined in sections 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b and 53a-73a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

- (c) **Sexual exploitation** occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for anyone's advantage or benefit other than the person being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the preceding sexual misconduct offenses. Examples of behavior that could rise to the level of sexual exploitation include:

- Prostituting another person;
- Non-consensual visual (e.g., video, photograph) or audio-recording of sexual activity;
- Non-consensual distribution of photos, other images, or information of an individual's sexual activity, intimate body parts, or nakedness, with the intent to or having the effect of embarrassing an individual who is the subject of such images or information;
- Going beyond the bounds of consent (for example, an individual who allows friends to hide in the closet to watch him or her having consensual sex);
- Engaging in non-consensual voyeurism;
- Knowingly transmitting an STI, such as HIV to another without disclosing your STI status;
- Exposing one's genitals in non-consensual circumstances, or inducing another to expose his or her genitals; or
- Possessing, distributing, viewing or forcing others to view illegal pornography.

Sexual exploitation is further defined as a crime in Connecticut State Law.

- (d) **Intimate partner, domestic and/or dating violence means** any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or former spouse of or person in a dating or cohabitating relationship with such individual that results from any action by such spouse or such person that may be classified as a sexual assault under section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a of the general statutes, stalking under section 53a-181c, 53a-181d or 53a-181e of the general statutes, or domestic or family violence as designated under section 46b-38h of the general statutes. This includes any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or

## Sexual Misconduct Reporting Support Services and Processes Policy

former spouse or by a partner in a dating relationship that results from (1) sexual assault (2) sexual assault in a spousal or cohabiting relationship; (3) domestic violence; (4) sexual harassment (5) sexual exploitation, as such terms are defined in this policy.

Offenses that are designated as “domestic violence” are against family or household members or persons in dating or cohabiting relationships and include assaults, sexual assaults, stalking, and violations of protective or restraining orders issued by a Court. Intimate partner violence may also include physical abuse, threat of abuse, and emotional abuse.

- Physical abuse includes, but is not limited to, slapping, pulling hair or punching.
  - Threat of abuse includes but is not limited to, threatening to hit, harm or use a weapon on another (whether victim or acquaintance, friend or family member of the victim) or other forms of verbal threat.
  - Emotional abuse includes but is not limited to, damage to one’s property, driving recklessly to scare someone, name calling, threatening to hurt one’s family members or pets and humiliating another person.
  - Cohabitation occurs when two individuals dwell together in the same place as if married.
  - The determination of whether a “dating relationship” existed is to be based upon the following factors: the reporting victim’s statement as to whether such a relationship existed, the length of the relationship, the type of the relationship and the frequency of the interaction between the persons reported to be involved in the relationship.
- (e) **Stalking**, which is defined as repeatedly contacting another person when contacting person knows or should know that the contact is unwanted by the other person; and the contact causes the other person reasonable apprehension of imminent physical harm or the contacting person knows or should know that the contact causes substantial impairment of the other person’s ability to perform the activities of daily life.

As used in this definition, the term “contacting” includes, but is not limited to, communicating with (including internet communication via e-mail, instant message, on- line community or any other internet communication) or remaining in the physical presence of the other person.

### ***Confidentiality***

When a BOR governed college or university receives a report of sexual misconduct all reasonable steps will be taken by the appropriate CSCU officials to preserve the privacy of the reported victim while promptly investigating and responding to the report. While the institution will strive to maintain the confidentiality of personally identifiable student information reported, which information is subject to privacy requirements of the Family Education Rights Privacy Act (FERPA), the institution also must fulfill its duty to protect the campus community.

Confidential resources are defined as follows: For the Universities, entities with statutory privilege, which include campus based counseling center, health center and pastoral counseling staff members whose official responsibilities include providing mental health counseling to members of the University community as well as off campus counseling and psychological services, health services providers, member(s) of the clergy, and the local Sexual Assault Crisis Center and Domestic



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Violence Center. For the Colleges, confidential resources are limited to entities with statutory privilege, such as off campus counseling and psychological services, health services providers, member(s) of the clergy, and the local Sexual Assault Crisis Center and Domestic Violence Center. The personnel of these centers and agencies are bound by state statutes and professional ethics from disclosing information about reports without written releases.

Information provided to a confidential resource by a victim of a sexual misconduct or the person reported to have been the victim of sexual misconduct cannot be disclosed legally to any other person without consent, except under very limited circumstances, such as an imminent threat of danger to self or others or if the reported victim is a minor. Therefore, for those who wish to obtain the fullest legal protections and disclose in full confidentiality, she/he must speak with a confidential resource. Each BOR governed college and university will provide a list of such confidential resources in the College or University's geographic region to victims of sexual misconduct as well as publish these resources on-line and in various publications.

Where it is deemed necessary for the institution to take steps to protect the safety of the reported victim and/or other members of the campus community, the institution will seek to act in a manner so as not to compromise the privacy or confidentiality of the reported victim of sexual misconduct to the extent reasonably possible.

### ***Mandated Reporting by College and University Employees***

Other than confidential resources as defined above, in addition to employees who qualify as Campus Security Authorities under the Jeanne Clery Act, all employees are required to immediately communicate to the institution's designated recipient (e.g., Title IX Coordinator) any disclosure or report of sexual misconduct received from a student regardless of the age of the reported victim. All employees are also required to communicate to the institution's designated recipient (e.g., Title IX Coordinator) any disclosure or report of sexual misconduct received from an employee that impacts employment with the institution or is otherwise related to the business of the institution.

Upon receiving a disclosure or a report of sexual misconduct, employees are expected to supportively, compassionately and professionally offer academic and other accommodations and to provide a referral for support and other services.

Further, in accordance with Connecticut State law, with the exception of student employees, any paid administrator, faculty, staff, athletic director, athletic coach or athletic trainer who, in the ordinary course of their employment, has a reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a person under the age of 18 years has been abused or neglected, has been placed in imminent harm or has had a non-accidental injury is required by law and Board policy to report the incident within twelve hours to their immediate supervisor and to the Department of Children and Families.

### ***Rights of Parties***

Those who report any type of sexual misconduct to any BOR governed college or university employee will be informed in a timely manner of all their rights and options, including the necessary steps and potential outcomes of each option. When choosing a reporting resource the following information should be considered:

## Sexual Misconduct Reporting Support Services and Processes Policy

- All reports of sexual misconduct will be treated seriously and with dignity by the institution.
- Referrals to off-campus counseling and medical services that are available immediately and confidential, whether or not those who report feel ready to make any decisions about reporting to police, a college or university employee or the campus's Title IX Coordinator.
- Those who have been the victim of sexual misconduct have the right to take both criminal and civil legal action against the individual allegedly responsible.
- Those who seek confidentiality may contact a clergy member(s), a University counseling center psychologist, a University health center care provider, the Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Connecticut and/or the Connecticut Coalition Against Domestic Violence – all of whom are bound by state statutes and professional ethics to maintain confidentiality without written releases.

### ***Right to Notify Law Enforcement & Seek Protective and Other Orders***

Those who report being subjected to sexual misconduct shall be provided written information about her/his right to:

- (1) notify law enforcement and receive assistance from campus authorities in making the notification; and,
- (2) obtain a protective order, apply for a temporary restraining order or seek enforcement of an existing order. Such orders include:
  - standing criminal protective orders;
  - protective orders issued in cases of stalking, harassment, sexual assault, or risk of injury to or impairing the morals of a child;
  - temporary restraining orders or protective orders prohibiting the harassment of a witness;
  - family violence protective orders.

### ***Options for Changing Academic, Housing, Transportation and Working Arrangements***

The colleges and universities will provide assistance to those involved in a report of sexual misconduct, including but not limited to, reasonably available options for changing academic, campus transportation, housing or working situations as well as honoring lawful protective or temporary restraining orders. Each and every BOR governed college and university shall create and provide information specific to its campus detailing the procedures to follow after the commission of such violence, including people or agencies to contact for reporting purposes or to request assistance, and information on the importance of preserving physical evidence.

### ***Support Services Contact Information***

It is BOR policy that whenever a college or university Title IX Coordinator or other employee receives a report that a student, faculty or staff member has been subjected to sexual misconduct, the Title IX Coordinator or other employee shall immediately provide the student, faculty or staff member with contact information for and, if requested, professional assistance in accessing and using any appropriate campus resources, or local advocacy, counseling, health, and mental health services. All

Sexual Misconduct Reporting  
Support Services and Processes Policy

CSCU campuses shall develop and distribute contact information for this purpose as well as provide such information on-line.

***Employee Conduct Procedures***

Employees who are reported to have engaged in sexual misconduct are subject to discipline in accordance with the procedures applicable to the employee's classification of employment.

***Student Conduct Procedures***

The **Student Code of Conduct** provides the procedures for the investigation, definitions of terms, and resolution of complaints regarding student conduct, including those involving sexual misconduct, as defined herein.

The Title IX Coordinator can assist in explaining the student conduct process. The Student Code of Conduct provides an equal, fair, and timely process (informal administrative resolution or a formal adjudication) for reported victims and accused students.

Reported victims of sexual misconduct shall have the opportunity to request that an investigation or disciplinary proceedings begin promptly; that such disciplinary proceedings shall be conducted by an official trained annually in issues relating to sexual misconduct and shall use the preponderance of the evidence (more likely than not) standard in making a determination concerning the alleged sexual misconduct.

Both the reported victim of sexual misconduct and the accused student are entitled to be accompanied to any meeting or proceeding relating to the allegation of sexual misconduct by an advisor or support person of their choice, provided the involvement of such advisor or support person does not result in the postponement or delay of such meeting as scheduled and provided such an advisor or support person may not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process or other meeting pertaining to a report of sexual misconduct and each student shall have the opportunity to present evidence and witnesses on her/his behalf during any disciplinary proceeding.

Both the reported victim and accused student are entitled to be provided at the same time written notice of the results of any disciplinary proceeding, normally within one (1) business day after the conclusion of such proceeding, which notice shall include the following: the name of the accused student, the violation committed, if any, and any sanction imposed upon the accused student. Sanctions may range from a warning to expulsion, depending upon the behavior and its severity of the violation(s). The reported victim shall have the same right to request a review of the decision of any disciplinary proceeding in the same manner and on the same basis as shall the accused student; however, in such cases, if a review by any reported victim is granted, among the other actions that may be taken, the sanction of the disciplinary proceeding may also be increased. The reported victim and the accused student are entitled to be simultaneously provided written notice of any change in the results of any disciplinary proceeding prior to the time when the results become final as well as to be notified when such results become final.

Sexual Misconduct Reporting  
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In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the accused student and the reported victim have the right to keep their identities confidential.

***Dissemination of this Policy***

Upon adoption by the Board all CSCU institutions shall, upon receipt, immediately post and maintain this policy at all times in an easily accessible manner on each institution's website. This policy shall thereafter be annually provided to all Title IX Coordinators, campus law enforcement officers and security personnel, and other campus personnel. Further, this policy shall be presented at student orientation and at student awareness and prevention trainings, and made broadly available at each campus. The policy shall be expanded upon by each institution to provide resources and contact information specific to their institution and geographic area as set forth above.

4.3	Consensual Relationships Policy	16-114	2016-10-20
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### 4.3 Policy on Consensual Relationships

The Board of Regents for Higher Education (BOR) of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities' respects that the educational mission of its institutions is founded on an atmosphere of mutual trust and respect between all members of the academic community. Faculty members, as well as those individuals upon whom the institution confers managerial, supervisory, or evaluative responsibilities, (including graduate assistants or undergraduate teaching assistants) carry a special responsibility to adhere to the highest ethical and professional standards and to avoid any actions that may appear to undermine this atmosphere of trust and respect and thereby hinder the institution's educational mission.

Because of the inherent imbalance of power and need for trust, faculty members, supervisory staff, and those with evaluative authority should be aware that dating or sexual relationships that might be appropriate in other circumstances have inherent dangers when they occur between a faculty and or staff member and a student as well as when they occur between a supervisor and employee.

Such relationships can create real conflicts, are susceptible to an appearance of exploitation, and can impair the trust and integrity of the teaching, coaching, or other supervisory or evaluative relationship and may cause a perception of favoritism or bias on the part of the staff. In addition, although these relationships may begin and remain consensual, they may easily be later characterized as non-consensual and could potentially lead to sexual harassment charges.

Affirmative consent is the standard used to determine whether sexual activity was consensual. As defined by Public Act 16-106, "Affirmative consent" means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person.

#### **Policy Prohibited Between Employee and Student**

Consensual romantic, dating, or sexual relationships between any employee and any student over whom that employee exercises direct or otherwise significant academic, supervisory, or evaluative authority or influence are prohibited at all State Universities and Colleges. The evaluative relationship can take a variety of forms, such as teacher to student, advisor to advisee, coach to athlete, supervisor to student employee, or similar relationship.

#### **Strongly Discouraged Between Employee and Student**

Romantic, dating or sexual relationships between employees and students over whom said employee does *not* have supervisory or evaluative authority are strongly discouraged. Such relationships are not only susceptible to future conflicts of interest, but also may present the appearance of impropriety.

If this situation exists, no employee should agree to supervise or evaluate a student with whom he or she has, or formerly had, a consensual relationship. A faculty member should inform the Dean if such a student wishes to enroll in a credit bearing course that he or she is teaching so that alternate arrangements can be made. Nor should a faculty member direct the student's independent study, internship, or thesis; participate in decisions regarding grades; or write letters of recommendation or reference

**Between Employee and Employee**

BOR discourages employees with supervisory or evaluative authority from engaging in romantic, dating or sexual relationships with employees who they supervise or evaluate. If such a relationship exists or develops, the supervisory employee must notify his/her manager so that arrangements can be made for the unbiased supervision and evaluation of the employee. These situations are handled on a case-by-case basis and may require transfer or reassignment of one or more employees.

**In the Event of a Sexual Harassment Charge**

Anyone who enters into a romantic, dating or sexual relationship where a professional power differential exists must realize that if a charge of sexual harassment is subsequently filed, it may be difficult to defend the charge by claiming that there was mutual consent. Employees could be held personally liable in a criminal or civil lawsuit. Affirmative consent is the standard used to determine whether sexual activity was consensual. As defined by Public Act 16-106, "Affirmative consent" means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person.

**Sanctions**

All violations of this policy should be reported to Human Resources for investigation and appropriate administrative action, up to and including disciplinary action.

## **Policy Regarding Reporting Suspected Abuse or Neglect of a Child**

**BOR approved 1/17/14 and Revised 1/15/15; requires annual distribution to employees**

The Board of Regents for Higher Education (BOR) of the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities (CSCU) accept that institutions of higher education foster educational opportunities for people under the age of 18 years. The BOR, in acknowledging the special care required for children, strives to the utmost to protect children on its campuses from any form of abuse or neglect.

Pursuant to state law, with the exception of student employees, any paid administrator, faculty, staff, athletic director, athletic coach or athletic trainer, collectively referred to as “mandatory reporters” who in the ordinary course of their employment has a reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a person under the age of 18 years has been abused or neglected, has been placed in imminent harm or has had a non-accidental injury is required to cause a report to be made to the Department of Children and Families within 12 hours of becoming aware or suspecting abuse, neglect or imminent harm to a child.

The BOR recognizes that each CSCU campus must be a safe and secure environment for children to grow and develop. Therefore, the BOR further requires mandatory reporters to report any witnessed or suspected abuse or neglect of a child on a CSCU campus to their immediate supervisor in addition to DCF. The supervisor must report the incident to their director or vice president who must then inform the campus President and the System Office Vice President for Human Resources or his/her designee.

If the director or vice president reasonably believes that a reportable incident has occurred, and, if the suspected perpetrator is a BOR or CSCU employee, he/she will immediately contact their Chief Human Resources Officer who shall assign an objective person to investigate the report. An employee under investigation may be placed on administrative leave pending the results of the investigation. Employees who report suspicions of abuse or neglect are protected from any disciplinary action unless the report is determined to have been maliciously made. An employee who fails to report, but is later determined to have had previous knowledge of the abuse, may be subject to discipline.

A report is required if there is reasonable cause to suspect that a person under the age of 18 is in imminent harm, has had non accidental injuries or has been abused or neglected. Reasonable cause to believe or suspect that child abuse has occurred is sufficient to make a report.

All staff designated as mandatory reporters are required to take the Department of Children and Families Mandated Reporter Training, either on-line or in person, and Mandated Reporter Training will be included in New Employee Orientation. Compliance with training will be monitored by each CSCU campus’s Department of Human Resources. A copy of this policy shall be disseminated annually to all employees.

Reasonable steps will be taken to preserve privacy while promptly investigating and responding to the report. While the institution will strive to maintain the confidentiality of the information reported, which information may be subject to privacy requirements of the Family Education

Rights Privacy Act (FERPA), the institution also must fulfill its duty to protect the CSU community and to assure that the appropriate disciplinary processes are implemented.





## BOR/CSCU STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT

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# I. STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT

## PREAMBLE

Academic institutions exist for the transmission of knowledge, the pursuit of truth, the development of students, and the general well-being of society. In line with this purpose, the Board of Regents for Higher Education (“BOR”) in conjunction with the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities (“CSCU”) has the duty to protect the freedoms of inquiry and expression, and furthermore, has the responsibility to encourage all of its members to develop the capacity for critical judgment in their sustained and independent search for truth.

CSCU has certain self-defined institutional values. Principal among these values is respect for the safety, dignity, rights, and individuality of each member of the CSCU Community. The opportunity to live, study, and work in an institution which values diverse intellectual and cultural perspectives and encourages discussion and debate about competing ideas in an atmosphere of civility is a basic component of quality higher education.

All members of CSCU must at all times govern their social and academic interactions with tolerance and mutual respect so that the students who pass through a CSCU door are enriched by these experiences and are prepared for full and enlightened participation in a multi-cultural society. Because of the BOR’s and CSCU’s commitment to principles of pluralism, mutual respect, and civility, certain activities are not acceptable on CSCU campuses. Acts of intolerance, of hatred or violence based on race, religion, sexual orientation or expression, disability, gender, age, or ethnic background are antithetical to the BOR’s and CSCU’s fundamental principles and values. It is the BOR’s and CSCU’s responsibility to protect our students’ right to learn by establishing an environment of civility.

The disciplinary process is intended to be part of the educational mission of CSCU. Student disciplinary proceedings are not criminal proceedings and are not subject to court rules of procedure and evidence.

## INTRODUCTION

This Student Code of Conduct (hereinafter the “Student Code” or “Code”) is intended to present a clear statement of student rights and responsibilities established by the Board of Regents for Higher Education. The BOR has charged the President of the Board of Regents for Higher Education with developing procedures to protect those rights and to address the abdication of responsibilities in collaboration with the four State Universities, the twelve Community Colleges and Charter Oak State College. The Student Code describes the types of acts that are not acceptable in an academic community.

*Disclaimer: This Code is neither a contract nor an offer of a contract between any BOR governed institution and any student. The provisions of this Code are subject to revision at any time.*

## PART A: DEFINITIONS

The following list of defined terms utilized throughout this Student Code is provided in an effort to facilitate a more thorough understanding of the Code. This list is not intended to be a complete list of all the terms referenced in the Student Code that might require interpretation or clarification. The Vice President for Student Affairs at a University, the Dean of Students at a Community College, the Provost at Charter Oak State College or their designee shall make the final decision of the interpretation of the definition of any term found in the Student Code. For purposes of interpretation and application of the Student Code only, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

1. **“Accused Student”** means any student accused of violating this Student Code.
2. **“Advisor”** means a person who accompanies an Accused Student or an alleged victim to a hearing (or a proceeding pertaining to a report of sexual violence) for the limited purpose of providing advice and guidance to the student. An advisor may not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses, or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process (or other proceeding pertaining to a report of sexual violence).
3. **“Appellate Body”** means any person or persons authorized by the University Vice President for Student Affairs, Community College Dean of Students, Charter Oak State College Provost or their designee to consider an appeal from a determination by a Hearing Body that a student has violated the Student Code.
4. **“Calendar Days”** means the weekdays (Mondays through Fridays) when the University or College is open.
5. **“College”** means either collectively or singularly any of the following institutions: Asnuntuck Community College, Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Housatonic Community College, Manchester Community College, Middlesex Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern Connecticut Community College, Norwalk Community College, Quinebaug Valley Community College, Three Rivers Community College, Tunxis Community College, and Charter Oak State College.
6. **“Complainant(s)”** means the person(s) who initiates a complaint by alleging that a Student(s) violated the Code.
7. **“CSCU”** means either collectively or singularly, any of the following institutions: Central Connecticut State University, Eastern Connecticut State University, Southern Connecticut State University, Western Connecticut State University; Asnuntuck Community College, Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Housatonic Community College, Manchester Community College, Middlesex Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern Connecticut Community College, Norwalk Community College, Quinebaug Valley Community College, Three Rivers Community College, Tunxis Community College, and Charter Oak State College.

8. ***“CSCU Affiliates”*** means individuals and/or entities with whom or with which the College or University has a contractual relationship.
9. ***“CSCU Official”*** means any person employed by the College or University to perform assigned administrative, instructional, or professional responsibilities.
10. ***“CSCU Premises”*** means all land, buildings, facilities, and other property in the possession of, or owned, used, and/or controlled by, the University or College, either solely or in conjunction with another entity.
11. ***“Disciplinary Officer” or “Conduct Administrator”*** means a University, College or CSCU official who is authorized to determine the appropriate resolution of an alleged violation of the Code, and/or to impose sanctions or affect other remedies as appropriate. Subject to the provisions of this Code, a disciplinary officer or conduct administrator is vested with the authority to, among other duties: investigate a complaint of an alleged violation of the Code decline to pursue a complaint, refer identified disputants to mediation or other appropriate avenues of resolution, establish charges against a student, enter into an administrative agreement developed with an Accused Student in accordance with Section II-B-3 of this Code, advise a Hearing Body, and present the case before the Hearing Body.
12. ***“Hearing Body” or “Hearing Panel”*** means any person or persons authorized by the University Vice President for Student Affairs, Community College Dean of Students or Charter Oak State College Provost to determine whether a student has violated the Code and to impose sanctions as warranted, including a hearing officer or hearing board.
13. ***“Institution”*** means the University or College within CSCU.
14. ***“Instructor”*** means any faculty member, teaching assistant or any other person authorized by the University to provide educational services, including, but not limited to, teaching, research, and academic advising.
15. ***“Member of the CSCU Community”*** means any person who is a student, an official or any other person who works for CSCU, either directly or indirectly (e.g., for a private enterprise doing business on a CSCU campus).
16. ***“Policy”*** means the written regulations, standards, and student conduct expectations adopted by the BOR and found in, but not limited to the Student Handbook, the Residence Life Handbook, the housing contract, the graduate and undergraduate catalogs, and other publicized University and College notices.
17. ***“Prohibited Conduct”*** means the conduct prohibited by this Code, as more particularly described in Part I-D of this Code.
18. ***“Reporting Party”*** means any person who alleges that a student has violated this Code.

19. ***“Student”*** means either (1) any person admitted, registered, enrolled or attending any CSCU course or CSCU conducted program, whether full-time or part-time, and whether pursuing undergraduate, graduate or professional studies, or continuing education; (2) any person who is not officially enrolled for a particular term but who has a continuing relationship with a CSCU; or (3) any person within two calendar years after the conclusion of their last registered Community College course unless the student has formally withdrawn, graduated or been expelled from the College.
20. ***“Student Code” or “Code”*** means this Student Code of Conduct.
21. ***“Student Organization”*** means an association or group of persons that have complied with the formal requirements for University or College recognition.
22. ***“Support Person”*** means a person, who accompanies an Accused Student, a Reporting Party or a victim to a hearing for the limited purpose of providing support and guidance. A support person may not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses, or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process.
23. ***“University”*** means any of the following institutions: Central Connecticut State University, Eastern Connecticut State University, Southern Connecticut State University, and Western Connecticut State University, whichever the alleged violation of the Code occurred.
24. ***“Shall” and “will”*** are used in the imperative sense.
25. ***“May”*** is used in the permissive sense.

## **PART B: APPLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT**

1. **Application of the Student Code:** The Student Code shall apply to the four Connecticut State Universities, the twelve Community Colleges, and the on-line college: Central Connecticut State University, Eastern Connecticut State University, Southern Connecticut State University, Western Connecticut State University; Asnuntuck Community College, Capital Community College, Gateway Community College, Housatonic Community College, Manchester Community College, Middlesex Community College, Naugatuck Valley Community College, Northwestern Connecticut Community College, Norwalk Community College, Quinebaug Valley Community College, Three Rivers Community College, Tunxis Community College, and Charter Oak State College.

An alleged violation of the Student Code shall be addressed in accordance with the Code of Conduct, even if the accused Student has withdrawn from the Institution prior to the completion of the disciplinary procedures.

The Student Code shall apply to Students and to University Student Organizations. The term “student” shall generally apply to the student as an individual and to a Student Organization as a

single entity. The officers or leaders of a particular Student Organization usually will be expected to represent the organization during the disciplinary process. Nothing in this Student Code shall preclude holding certain members of a Student Organization accountable for their individual acts committed in the context of or in association with the organization's alleged violation of this Code.

2. Distribution of the Student Code: The Student Code shall be made readily available electronically and/or in a printed publication to students, faculty and staff. The office responsible for Student Affairs will annually distribute and make available to students, faculty and staff, electronically and/or in a printed publication, any revisions to the Code.

3. Administration of the Student Code: A University's and Charter Oak State College's Provost or a Community College's Dean of Students shall be the person designated by the institution President to be responsible for the administration of the Academic Misconduct portion of the Student Code. A University's Vice President for Student Affairs, a Community College's Dean of Students, or Charter Oak State College's Provost shall be the person designated by the institution President to be responsible for the administration of the Non-Academic Misconduct portion of the Student Code.

## **PART C: SCOPE OF AUTHORITY**

A Student who is found responsible for engaging in conduct that violates the Student Code on any CSCU campus or on property controlled by the BOR or by any CSCU Affiliate or any CSCU sponsored function or event shall be subject to the sanctions described in this Code. The Student Code of Conduct also applies to online activities, where applicable. Students who attempt to engage in conduct that violates this Code, who knowingly encourage, aid or assist another person in engaging in such conduct, or who agree with another person, explicitly or otherwise, to engage in such conduct, may also be subject to disciplinary action.

Off-campus misconduct by University students may be subject to the jurisdiction of the University and addressed through its disciplinary procedures if one of the following conditions is met: (i) a Student engages in prohibited conduct at an official University event, at a University-sanctioned event, or at an event sponsored by a recognized University Student Organization; or (ii) a Student engages in prohibited conduct under such circumstances that reasonable grounds exist for believing that the Accused Student poses a threat to the life, health or safety of any member of the CSCU or to the property of the CSCU.

Community College students conduct is subject to the Code on campus and off-campus whenever such conduct impairs College-related activities or affairs of another member of the College community or creates a risk of harm to a member or members of the College community. Students must be aware that, as citizens, they are subject to all federal and state laws in addition to all CSCU regulations governing student conduct and responsibilities. Students do not relinquish their rights nor do they shed their responsibilities as citizens by becoming members of the CSCU Community. However, where a court of law has found a student to have violated the law, an institution has the right to impose the sanctions of this Code even though the conduct does not impair institution-related activities of another member of the university or college community and does not create a risk of harm to the college or university community. The decision to exercise this right will be in the sole discretion of the President of the impacted institution or his/her designee.

Charter Oak State College applies this Code to matriculated and non-matriculated students, including those participating in portfolio assessment, credential evaluation, testing, or contract learning. Jurisdiction shall be limited to student conduct that occurs while students are taking Charter Oak State College courses or availing themselves of Charter Oak State College services. However, if a matriculated Charter Oak State College student is found guilty of student misconduct at another institution, including but not limited to misrepresentation of records from other institutions, the student may be subject to disciplinary action at Charter Oak State College.

## **PART D: PROHIBITED CONDUCT**

The following list of behaviors is intended to represent the types of acts that constitute violations of this Code.

1. Academic misconduct, which includes, but is not limited to, plagiarism and all forms of cheating.

*Plagiarism* is defined as the submission of work by a student for academic credit as one's own work of authorship which contains work of another author without appropriate attribution.

*Cheating* includes, but is not limited to: (i) use of any unauthorized assistance in taking quizzes, tests or examinations; (ii) use of sources beyond those authorized by the instructor in writing papers, preparing reports, solving problems or carrying out other assignments; (iii) the acquisition, without permission, of tests or other academic material belonging to a member of the University faculty or staff; and (iv) engaging in any other behavior specifically prohibited by a faculty member in the course syllabus.

2. Acts of dishonesty, including but not limited to the following:
  - a. Misuse of University or College documents, including, but not limited to forging, transferring, altering or otherwise misusing a student fee card, student payroll card, identification card or other College or University identification document, course registration document, schedule card, transcript, or any other institution-issued document or record.
  - b. Knowingly furnishing false information to any CSCU Official, faculty member or office.
3. Theft of property or services, or damage to, defacement or destruction of, or tampering with, real or personal property owned by the State of Connecticut, CSCU/BOR, the institution, or any member of the CSCU Community.
4. Actual or threatened physical assault or abuse, threatening behavior, intimidation, or coercion.
5. Sexual misconduct may include engaging in one of more behaviors:

(a) **Sexual harassment**, which can include any unwelcome sexual advance or request for sexual favors, or any conduct of a sexual nature when submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's education; submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as a basis for academic decisions affecting the individual; or such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's academic performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive educational environment. Examples of conduct which may constitute sexual harassment include but are not limited to:

- sexual flirtation, touching, advances or propositions
- verbal abuse of a sexual nature
- pressure to engage in sexual activity
- graphic or suggestive comments about an individual's dress or appearance
- use of sexually degrading words to describe an individual
- display of sexually suggestive objects, pictures or photographs
- sexual jokes
- stereotypic comments based upon gender
- threats, demands or suggestions that retention of one's educational status is contingent upon toleration of or acquiescence in sexual advances.

(b) **Sexual assault** shall include but is not limited to a sexual act directed against another person when that person is not capable of giving consent, which shall mean the voluntary agreement by a person in the possession and exercise of sufficient mental capacity to make a deliberate choice to do something proposed by another.

A person who initially consents to sexual activity shall be deemed not to have consented to any such activity which occurs after that consent is withdrawn. Consent cannot be assumed because there is no physical resistance or other negative response. A lack of consent may result from mental incapacity (e.g., ingestion of alcohol or drugs which significantly impair awareness or judgment) or physical incapacity (e.g., the person is unconscious or otherwise unable to communicate consent). Consent must be affirmative. (See Sexual Misconduct Reporting, Support Services and Processes Policy).

Sexual assault is further defined in sections 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b and 53a-73a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(c) **Sexual exploitation** occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for anyone's advantage or benefit other than the person being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the preceding sexual misconduct offenses. Examples of behavior that could rise to the level of sexual exploitation include:



- Prostituting another person;
- Non-consensual visual (e.g., video, photograph) or audio-recording of sexual activity;
- Non-consensual distribution of photos, other images, or information of an individual's sexual activity, intimate body parts, or nakedness, with the intent to or having the effect of embarrassing an individual who is the subject of such images or information;
- Going beyond the bounds of consent (such as letting your friends hide in the closet to watch you having consensual sex);
- Engaging in non-consensual voyeurism;
- Knowingly transmitting an STI, such as HIV to another without disclosing your STI status;
- Exposing one's genitals in non-consensual circumstances, or inducing another to expose his or her genitals; or
- Possessing, distributing, viewing or forcing others to view illegal pornography.

6. Intimate partner violence is defined as:

- Including intimate partner violence, which is any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or former spouse or by a partner in a dating relationship that results from (1) sexual assault, as defined in section 5 above; (2) sexual assault in a spousal or cohabiting relationship; (3) domestic violence; (4) sexual harassment, as defined in section 5 above or, (5) sexual exploitation, as defined in section 5 above.
- Physical abuse, which can include but is not limited to, slapping, pulling hair or punching.
- Threat of abuse, which can include but is not limited to, threatening to hit, harm or use a weapon on another (whether victim or acquaintance, friend or family member of the victim) or other forms of verbal threat.
- Emotional abuse, which can include but is not limited to, damage to one's property, driving recklessly to scare someone, name calling, threatening to hurt one's family members or pets and humiliating another person.

7. Violations of privacy, including, but not limited to, voyeurism and the use of web-based, electronic or other devices to make a photographic, audio or video record of any person without his or her express consent, when such a recording is intended or likely to cause injury or distress. This includes, but is not limited to: (i) surreptitiously taking pictures or videos of another person in spaces such as sleeping areas, bathrooms, gymnasiums, locker rooms, and changing areas; and (ii) sexually exploiting another person by electronically recording or permitting others to view or electronically record, consensual sexual activity without a partner's knowledge or permitting others to view or listen to such video or audio tapes without a partner's knowledge and consent. Publicizing or threatening to publicize such records will also be considered a violation of this Code.

8. Hazing, which is defined as an act which endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a Student, or which destroys, damages, or removes public or private property for the purpose of initiation or admission into, affiliation with or as a condition for continued membership in a group or organization. The express or implied consent of the victim will not be a defense to an allegation of hazing. Consenting to the activity by remaining silent or not objecting in the presence of hazing is not a neutral act and is also a violation of this Student Code.

9. Stalking, which is defined as repeatedly contacting another person when:
  - a. The contacting person knows or should know that the contact is unwanted by the other person; and
  - b. The contact causes the other person reasonable apprehension of imminent physical harm or the contacting person knows or should know that the contact causes substantial impairment of the other person's ability to perform the activities of daily life.

As used in this definition, the term "contacting" includes, but is not limited to, communicating with (including internet communication via e-mail, instant message, on-line community or any other internet communication) or remaining in the physical presence of the other person.

10. Harassment, which is defined as conduct which is abusive or which interferes with a person's pursuit of his or her customary or usual affairs, including, but not limited to, such conduct when directed toward an individual or group because of race, ethnicity, ancestry, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation or expression, age, physical attribute, or physical or mental disability or disorder, including learning disabilities and mental retardation.
11. Conduct that is disorderly, lewd or indecent (including, but not limited to, public nudity and sexual activity in areas generally open to members of the campus community), breach of peace or aiding, abetting or procuring another person to breach the peace on CSCU premises or at functions sponsored by, or affiliated with the University or College.
12. Behavior or activity which endangers the health, safety, or well-being of oneself or others.
13. Offensive or disorderly conduct which causes interference, annoyance or alarm or recklessly creates a risk thereof at CSCU or CSCU premises, CSCU web or social media sites, at a CSCU-sponsored activity or in college or university courses, including cyber bullying. This offense does not apply to speech or other forms of constitutionally protected expression.
14. Unauthorized possession, duplication or use of keys (including, but not limited to, card access, card keys, fobs, etc.) to any CSCU premises or forcible and/or unauthorized entry on or into CSCU premises.
15. Starting fires, causing explosions, falsely reporting the presence of fire, bombs, incendiary or explosive devices, or falsely reporting an emergency.
16. Unauthorized or improper possession, use, removal, tampering or disabling of fire and/or safety equipment and warning devices, failure to follow standard fire and/or emergency safety procedures, or interference with firefighting or emergency response equipment or personnel.

17. Use, possession, purchase, sale or distribution of alcoholic beverages, except as expressly permitted by law and CSCU regulations. Alcoholic beverages may not, under any circumstances, be used by, possessed by, or distributed to any person under twenty-one (21) years of age.
18. Use, possession, purchase, sale, distribution or manufacturing of narcotics, controlled substances and/or drugs, including, but not limited to, marijuana and heroin, or drug paraphernalia, except as expressly permitted by law.
19. Use, possession or distribution of firearms, ammunition for firearms, other weapons or dangerous instruments, facsimiles of weapons or firearms, fireworks, explosives or dangerous chemicals. A dangerous instrument is any instrument, article or substance that, under the circumstances in which it is being utilized, is capable of causing death or serious physical injury. The possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument on campus is strictly prohibited, even if such item is legally owned.
20. Gambling, including, but not limited to, promoting, wagering, receiving monies for wagering or gambling for money or property on CSCU premises.
21. Disruption or obstruction of any College or University function, activity or event, whether it occurs on or off the campus, or of any non-University or College function, activity or event which is authorized by the institution to occur on its premises.
22. Intentional obstruction of the free flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic on CSCU premises or at University or College-sponsored or supervised functions or interference with entry into or exit from CSCU premises or with the free movement of any person.
23. Failure to comply with the directions of CSCU officials or law enforcement officers acting in the performance of their duties and/or failure to identify oneself to these persons when requested to do so.
24. Conduct that violates published BOR/CSCU policies, rules, and regulations, including, but not limited to, residence hall rules and regulations.
25. Conduct prohibited by any federal, state, and/or local law, regulation or ordinance.
26. Unauthorized use of CSCU property or the property of members of the CSCU Community or of CSCU Affiliates.
27. Theft, unauthorized use, or abuse of University or College computers and/or peripheral systems and networks, including, but not limited to:
  - a. Unauthorized access to CSCU computer programs or files;
  - b. Unauthorized alteration, transfer or duplication of CSCU computer programs or files;
  - c. Unauthorized use of another individual's identification and/or password;

- d. Deliberate disruption of the operation of CSCU computer systems and networks;
  - e. Use of the Institution's computing facilities and resources in violation of copyright laws (including unauthorized peer-to-peer file sharing of copyrighted material, including, but not limited to, copyrighted music, movies, and software);
  - f. Use of computing facilities and resources to send obscene messages (which are defined as messages which appeal mainly to a prurient, shameful or morbid interest in nudity, sex, excretion, sadism or masochism, go well beyond customary limits of candor in describing or representing such matters, and are utterly without redeeming social value); and
  - g. Violation of the BOR Policy Statement on Acceptable and responsible use of Information Technology resources and/or any applicable BOR computer use policy.
28. Abuse of the CSCU conduct and disciplinary system, including but not limited to:
- a. Failure to obey the notice from a Hearing Body or CSCU Official to appear for a meeting or hearing as part of the Student Conduct system;
  - b. Falsification, distortion, or intentional misrepresentation of information to a Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator, or before a Hearing Body;
  - c. Initiation of a conduct or disciplinary proceeding knowingly without cause;
  - d. Disruption or interference with the orderly conduct of a disciplinary proceeding;
  - e. Attempting to discourage an individual's proper participation in, or use of, the disciplinary system;
  - f. Attempting to influence the impartiality of a Disciplinary Officer, Conduct Administrator or member of a Hearing Body prior to, and/or during the course of, the disciplinary proceeding;
  - g. Harassment (verbal or physical) and/or intimidation of a Disciplinary Officer, Conduct Administrator, or member of a Hearing Body prior to, and/or during the course of the disciplinary proceeding;
  - h. Failure to comply with the sanction(s) imposed under the Student Code; and
  - i. Influencing or attempting to influence another person to commit an abuse of the disciplinary system.

***PART E: HEARING PROCEDURES FOR SEXUAL MISCONDUCT, SEXUAL INTIMATE PARTNER, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE & STALKING REPORTS***

In addition to disciplinary procedures applicable to State University students in Section II, Community College students in Section III, or Charter Oak State College Students in Section IV, for any hearing

conducted involving allegations of sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking and intimate partner violence the reported victim and the accused student shall each have the following rights::

1. At any meeting or proceeding, both the reported victim and accused student may be accompanied by an advisor or support person of the student's choice provided the advisor or support person does not cause a scheduled meeting or hearing to be delayed or postponed and provided an advisor or support person may not directly address the Hearing Body, question witnesses, or otherwise actively participate in the hearing process (or other proceeding or pertaining to a report of sexual misconduct);
2. The reported victim of sexual misconduct is entitled to request that disciplinary proceedings begin promptly;
3. Any hearing regarding an accusation of sexual misconduct shall (i) be fair, prompt and impartial; (ii) be conducted by a Hearing Body annually trained in issues relating to sexual misconduct (iii) use the preponderance of evidence (more likely than not ) standard; (iv) shall allow both the accused student and reported victim the opportunity to present evidence and witnesses on their behalf during any disciplinary proceeding; (v) shall provide both the accused student and the reported victim with equal access to any information that will be used during meetings and hearings; and (vi) invoke the standard of "affirmative consent"<sup>1</sup> in determining whether consent to engage in sexual activity was given by all persons who engaged in sexual activity .
4. In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the accused student and the reported victim have the right to keep their identities confidential;
5. Any reported victim shall be provided written notice of the decision of the Hearing Body at the same time as the accused student, normally within one (1) business day after the conclusion of the Hearing. In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) the notice to any reported victim of sexual misconduct shall contain only the following: the name of the accused student, the violation committed, if any, and any sanction imposed against the accused student.
6. The reported victim shall have the same right to request a review of the decision of the Hearing Body (appeal rights) in the same manner and on the same basis as shall the accused student; however, if a request for review by a reported victim is determined to be properly made and if the review determines there is sufficient grounds for altering the decision of the Hearing Body, among the other actions that may be taken as set forth above, the sanction of the hearing may also be increased. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in any hearing pertaining to sexual misconduct both the reported victim and the accused student are entitled to be simultaneously provided notice of any change in the results of the hearing prior to the time when the results become final as well as to be notified when such results become final.

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<sup>1</sup>The standard of "Affirmative Consent" is set forth in the BOR Sexual Misconduct Reporting, Support Services and Processes Policy and is incorporated herein by reference.

***PART F: CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY RECORDS***

The written decision resulting from an administrative conference or a hearing under this Code shall become part of the student's educational record and shall be subject to the provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). A student's disciplinary record shall be maintained separately from any other academic or official file maintained by the Institution. Disciplinary records will be maintained for a period of five (5) years from the date of the incident, except that the sanction of expulsion shall be noted permanently.

While student education records are generally protected from disclosure by FERPA, there are a number of exceptions to this rule. Students should be aware that a record concerning his/her behavior while a student at the College or University may be shared with other colleges or universities to which the student may subsequently wish to transfer or be admitted. Similarly, prospective employers may require a student to provide access to his/her education records as part of the employment application process. A record of having been sanctioned for conduct that violates Section I.D. of the Code may disqualify a student for admission to another college or university, and may interfere with his/her selection for employment.

***PART G: INTERPRETATION AND REVISION***

Questions regarding the interpretation of this Code shall be referred to the University's and Charter Oak State College's Provost or a Community College's Dean of Students or their designees for the administration of the Non-Academic Misconduct portion of the Student Code and to the University's Vice President for Student Affairs, a Community College's Dean of Academic Affairs or Charter Oak State College's Provost or their designees for the administration of the Academic Misconduct portion of the Student Code.

This Code shall be reviewed and revised, if and as necessary, every five (5) years, or as directed by the President of the Board of Regents for Higher Education.

## II. CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO STATE UNIVERSITY STUDENTS

Procedures for University students differ from those procedures applicable to either the Community Colleges or Charter Oak State College. This is due to the environmental, cultural, and administrative differences within the types of the institutions comprising CSCU. Procedures for addressing allegations and sanctions regarding academic misconduct (as defined in Section I.D.1) for University Students as set for in this Section II of the Code.

### **PART A: DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES - ACADEMIC MISCONDUCT**

1. Instructor's Role:  
When the instructor of record or his or her designee believes that an act of academic misconduct has occurred, he or she shall notify the student of the allegation and save any evidence of such misconduct in its original form. (Copies of the Accused Student's work will be provided to the Student upon request.) In addition, the instructor shall not transmit a final grade to the Registrar until such time as the allegation(s) of academic misconduct are finally determined. Each institution shall establish implementation guidelines in accordance with this Code.
2. Information from Person Other than Student's Instructor: Any member of the CSCU Community may provide information which might lead to a complaint against a Student alleging academic misconduct.
3. The Academic Misconduct Hearing Board: There shall be an academic misconduct hearing board convened by the University's Disciplinary Officer to consider allegations of academic misconduct lodged against a Student. The University's disciplinary officer shall be a non-voting member of the board and act as convener.
4. Hearing Process: The Accused Student shall be afforded adequate notice of the allegation, an opportunity to discuss the allegation with the instructor, and adequate time to request and prepare for a hearing. All parties shall have an opportunity to be heard and a record of the proceedings shall be made. The decision of a hearing board shall be communicated in writing.
5. Sanctions: If the academic misconduct hearing board determines that the Accused Student is "Not Responsible," the board shall not impose any sanctions. The board shall so advise the Student's instructor and the instructor shall reevaluate the student's course grade in light of the Board's determination. If the academic misconduct hearing board determines that the Accused Student is "Responsible," the academic sanction set forth in the instructor's course syllabus shall be imposed.

The academic misconduct hearing board may make a recommendation to change the academic sanction imposed by the instructor on the basis of its hearing of the evidence of academic misconduct. (Should the academic sanction not be changed pursuant to this recommendation, the University reserve the right to change the academic sanction.) Upon

consideration of the Accused Student's record of misconduct and/or the nature of the offense, the academic misconduct hearing board may impose additional non-academic sanctions in proportion to the severity of the misconduct. These sanctions may include the following: warning, written reprimand, discretionary sanctions, suspension and/or expulsion, as described in II.D of this Student Code of Conduct.

6. Appeals: The decision rendered by the academic misconduct hearing board may be appealed to the Provost/Academic Vice President, who shall review the record of the hearing, including any and all documents presented to the academic misconduct hearing board. An appeal shall be in writing and shall be delivered to the Provost/Academic Vice President within three (3) calendar days of receipt of the academic misconduct hearing board's written decision.

An appeal may be brought on any of four grounds: (a) a claim that error in the hearing procedure substantially affected the decision; (b) a claim that new evidence or information material to the case was not known at the time of the hearing; (c) a claim that the non-academic sanction(s) imposed were not appropriate for the violation of the Code for which the accused student was found responsible; and/or (d) a claim that the academic sanction imposed has resulted in a palpable injustice. The Provost/Academic Vice President shall have the right to deny an appeal not brought on any of the foregoing grounds. The decision rendered by the Provost/Academic Vice President shall be final and there shall be no further right of appeal.

## **PART B: DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES - NONACADEMIC MISCONDUCT**

The following procedures shall be followed in addressing allegations of non-academic misconduct.

1. Providing Information leading to a Complaint: Any person may provide information leading to the filing of a complaint against a Student or a Student Organization alleging a violation of the Student Code. A complaint must be made in writing and submitted to the University's Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator.
2. Disciplinary Proceedings Against a Student Charged with a Violation of Law and a Violation of the Code: University proceedings may be instituted against an Accused Student who has been charged with a violation of state or federal law for conduct which also constitutes a potential violation of this Code (that is, if both possible violations result from the same factual situation) without regard to the pendency of civil or criminal litigation in court or criminal arrest and prosecution. Proceedings under this Student Code may be carried out prior to, simultaneously with, or following the institution of civil or criminal court proceedings against the Accused Student. Determinations made or sanctions imposed under this Student Code shall not be subject to change because criminal charges arising out of the same facts giving rise to violation of University rules were dismissed, reduced, or resolved in favor of or against the criminal law defendant.



3. Disciplinary Proceedings Against a Student Charged with Sexual Assault, Sexual, Intimate Partner, Domestic Violence or Other Sex Related Offense: See Section I.E
4. Pre-Hearing Investigation and Administrative Disposition:
  - a. The Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator may conduct an investigation to determine if the charges have merit and/or if they can be disposed of administratively by mutual consent of the Accused Student and the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator. Such disposition shall be final and there shall be no subsequent proceedings. If the charges are not admitted and/or cannot be disposed of by mutual consent, the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator may also present the case for the University at any subsequent hearing, but if he or she does, he or she shall not serve as a member of the Hearing Body.
  - b. The Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator may conduct an investigation to determine if there is reason to believe the student has committed a violation of any part of Section I.D. of the Code and, after considering both the possible violation and the prior conduct record of the student, if the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator determines that a sanction of less than residential hall separation or suspension or expulsion from the University is appropriate, the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator shall schedule an administrative conference with the student. The student shall be given reasonable notice of the time and place of the conference. At the administrative conference, the student shall have the opportunity to present information for the Disciplinary Officer's or Conduct Administrator's consideration. At the conclusion of the administrative conference, the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator shall determine whether it is more likely than not that the student has violated the Policy and, if so, impose a sanction less than residential hall separation, or suspension or expulsion from the University. The Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator shall provide the student with a written explanation for the determination. The decision of the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator shall be final.
5. Hearing Bodies: A Student accused of misconduct has the right to be heard by an impartial Hearing Body. Any concern surrounding the impartiality of the Hearing Body or any member thereof will be referred to the Vice President for Student Affairs or his or her designee, who will review the matter and make a determination. Any Hearing regarding an accusation of sexual assault, sexual misconduct, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense or intimate partner violence shall be conducted by an impartial Hearing Body trained in issues relating to sexual assault, sexual violence, intimate partner, and domestic violence.
6. Hearing Procedures:
  - a. Notice of Hearing: Normally, a hearing will be conducted within ten (10) calendar days of the Accused Student being notified of the charges. Notice may be provided to the Accused Student by in-hand delivery, by registered mail, with delivery receipt attached or by certified mail, return receipt requested by University email or by overnight delivery with signature of recipient required. Should the

Accused Student refuse to accept in-hand delivery, a written statement of the attempted delivery of the notice signed by the person attempting to make such delivery shall constitute notice. Should the Accused Student refuse to sign for registered or certified mail, the postal document indicating such refusal shall constitute notice.

The notice shall advise the Accused Student of each section of the Student Code alleged to have been violated and, with respect to each such section, a statement of the acts or omissions which are alleged to constitute a violation of the Code, including the approximate time when and the place where such acts or omissions allegedly occurred.

The Accused Student shall be afforded a reasonable period of time to prepare for the hearing, which period of time shall not be less than three (3) Calendar Days. The Accused Student, the Reporting Party and/or any alleged victim may request a delay of the hearing due to extenuating circumstances. Any decision to postpone the hearing shall be made by the Disciplinary Officer or Conduct Administrator or by the Hearing Body, or by the designee of the Vice President for Student Affairs.

- b. Hearing: Hearings shall be closed, but the Hearing Body may, in its discretion, admit any person into the hearing room. The Hearing Body shall have the authority to discharge or to remove any person whose presence is deemed unnecessary or obstructive to the proceedings.

The Accused Student, the Reporting Party and any alleged victim shall have the right to be present at all stages of the hearing process except during the private deliberations of the Hearing Body and the presentation of sanctions. In hearings involving more than one Accused Student, the Hearing Body may determine that, in the interest of fairness, separate hearings should be convened.

In any Hearing alleging sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense, any alleged victim and the Accused Student are entitled to:

- 1) be accompanied to any meeting or proceeding by an advisor or support person of their choice, provided that the advisor or support person does not cause a scheduled meeting to be delayed or postponed;
- 2) present evidence and witnesses on their behalf;
- 3) in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), to have their identities kept confidential.

In addition, the alleged victim of sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense is entitled to request that disciplinary proceedings begin promptly.

- c. Record of Hearing: When expulsion or suspension from the University or residence hall separation is a possibility, the University shall make a recording of the hearing. The recording shall be the property of the University. No other recordings shall be made by any person during the hearing. Upon request, the Accused Student may

review the recording in a designated University office in order to prepare for an appeal of the decision rendered by the Hearing Body. Further disclosure of the recording shall be governed by applicable state and federal law.

- d. Opportunity to Present a Defense: The Accused Student shall have the full opportunity to present a defense and information, including the testimony of witnesses, in his or her behalf. The Reporting Party and the Accused Student may question the statements of any person who testifies in a manner deemed appropriate by the Hearing Body. The Reporting Party and the Accused Student may make concluding statements regarding the charges made and the information presented during the hearing. The Hearing Body may question the Accused Student and the Reporting Party, any witness presented by the Accused Student or the Reporting Party, and any other witness(es) the Hearing Body may choose to call to testify.
- e. Accused Student Can Choose Whether or Not to Testify in His or Her Own Defense: The Accused Student who is present at the hearing shall be advised by the Hearing Body that he or she is not required to testify, to answer questions, or to make any statement regarding the complaint or the allegations set forth in the complaint. Refusal to do so shall not be considered by the Hearing Body to constitute evidence of responsibility.
- f. Non-Appearance of Accused Student at Disciplinary Hearing: If an Accused Student does not appear at a disciplinary hearing, the Hearing Body shall enter a plea of “not responsible” on behalf of such student and the hearing shall proceed in the normal manner of hearing evidence, weighing facts, and rendering judgment. The failure of an Accused Student to appear at the disciplinary hearing shall not be considered by the Hearing Body to constitute evidence of responsibility.
- g. Advisors and Support Persons: The Reporting Party, any alleged victim, and the Accused Student shall each have the right to be accompanied by an Advisor and Support Person. The Advisor and the Support Person should be someone whose schedule allows attendance at the scheduled date and time for the disciplinary hearing because delays will not normally be allowed due to the scheduling conflicts of an Advisor or Support Person.
- h. Presentation of Evidence: Only evidence introduced at the hearing itself may be considered by the Hearing Body in determining whether it is more likely than not that the alleged violation was committed by the accused student.
- i. Evidence of Prior Convictions or Disciplinary Actions: Evidence of prior criminal convictions or University disciplinary actions may be presented to the Hearing Body only after a determination of responsibility has been made and only for consideration in connection with determining the sanction.
- j. Accommodation of Witnesses: The Hearing Body may accommodate concerns for the personal safety, well-being, and/or fears of confrontation of the Reporting Party, the Accused Student, and/or other witnesses during the hearing by providing separate facilities, by using a visual screen, and/or by permitting

participation by telephone, videophone, closed circuit television, video conferencing, videotape, audio tape, written statement, or other means, where and as determined in the sole judgment of the Hearing Body to be appropriate.

- k. Written Notice of Decision: The Accused Student shall receive written notice of the decision of the Hearing Body that shall set forth the decision rendered, including a finding of “responsible” or “not responsible,” and the sanctions imposed, if any. The decision of the Hearing Body, as well as the sanction(s) imposed, if any, generally will not be released to third parties without the prior written consent of the Accused Student. However, certain information may be released if and to the extent authorized by state or federal law.

With respect to Hearings alleging sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense, any alleged victim shall receive written notice of the decision of the Hearing Body at the same time as the Accused Student, normally within one (1) business day after the conclusion of the Hearing.

In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) the notice to any alleged victim of sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex related offense shall contain only the following: the name of the student, the violation committed and any sanction imposed against the student.

- 6. Review: An Accused Student may request that the decision of the Hearing Body be reviewed by the Vice President for Student Affairs or his or her designee. A request for review must be made in writing to the Vice President for Student Affairs or his or her designee within three (3) Calendar Days of the Accused Student’s receipt of the written notice of decision. For good cause shown, the Vice President for Student Affairs may extend the three-University Calendar Day limitation on filing a request for a review. An Accused Student may request only one review of each decision rendered by the Hearing Body. A decision reached as a result of an Administrative Disposition may not be reviewed.
  - a. Grounds for Review: The Accused Student has the right to request a review of the decision of the Hearing Body on the grounds that: (i) the procedures set forth in this Code were not followed and, as a result, the decision was substantially affected; (ii) the sanction(s) imposed were not appropriate for the violation of the Code for which the Accused Student was found responsible; and/or (iii) new information, sufficient to alter the decision, or other relevant facts were not brought out in the original hearing because such information and/or facts were not known to the Accused Student at the time of the original hearing. The review shall be limited to a review of the record except as required to explain the basis of new information.
  - b. Review Procedures: In order to prepare for the review, the Accused Student may review the recording of the original hearing in a designated University office but will not be permitted to remove the recording from that office or make copies. The review will not be heard by anyone involved in the initial hearing. The review shall be considered and a decision rendered within ten (10) Calendar Days of the filing of the request for review.

If a request for review is granted, the matter shall be referred to the original Hearing Body for reconsideration of its original determination or to a newly-constituted Hearing Body for a new hearing, or the sanction imposed may be reduced, as appropriate. If a request is not granted, the matter shall be considered final and binding upon all involved.

- c. Status of Student Pending Review: All sanctions imposed by the Hearing Body shall be and continue in effect pending the outcome of a review. Any request to delay the commencement of sanctions pending a review must be made by the Accused Student, in writing, to the Vice President for Student Affairs or his or her designee.
- d. With respect only to Hearings related to sexual assault, sexual, intimate partner, domestic violence or other sex offense, the alleged victim shall have the same right to request a review in the same manner and on the same basis as shall the Accused Student as set forth above; however, in such cases, if a review by any alleged victim is granted, among the other actions that may be taken as set forth above, the sanction of the Hearing may also be increased.

Upon review, if the decision or sanction of the disciplinary proceeding is changed, any alleged victim must be notified in writing of the change in decision or sanction at the same time that the Accused Student is notified.

### **PART C: INTERIM SUSPENSIONS AND RESIDENCE HALL SEPARATIONS**

In certain circumstances, the Vice President for Student Affairs, or his or her designee, may impose an interim suspension or residence hall separation on an Accused Student prior to the hearing before the Hearing Body.

- 1. Basis for Imposition of Interim Suspension or Residence Hall Separation: An interim suspension may be imposed upon an Accused Student only: (i) to ensure the safety and well-being of members of the University Community or preservation of University property; (ii) to ensure the Student's own physical or emotional safety and well-being; or (iii) if the student poses an ongoing threat of disruption of, or interference with, the normal operations of the University.

A residence hall separation may be imposed if a Student's continued presence will disrupt the academic and social well-being of the residential community. Residence hall separation is the removal of a student from the University residence hall in which he or she resides. Such separation may include a restriction of access to all or designate University residence halls. During the period of the separation, the removed Student shall not be permitted to enter the designated hall(s) as a guest of another resident.

An interim suspension or residence hall separation is not a sanction and will continue in effect only until such time as a hearing on the alleged violation has been completed.

2. Effect of Interim Suspension or Residence Hall Separation: During the interim suspension or residence hall separation, the removed Student shall be denied access to the residence halls and/or to the campus (including classes) and/or all other University activities or privileges for which the Student might otherwise be eligible, as the Vice President for Student Affairs, or his or her designee, may determine to be appropriate.
3. Procedure: The Accused Student shall be notified, either orally or in writing, of the pending imposition of an interim suspension or residence hall separation. Whenever possible prior to the imposition of the interim suspension or suspension, the affected Student will be afforded an opportunity to meet with the Vice President for Student Affairs, or his or her designee. Otherwise, the meeting will be held on the first Calendar Day that the Student is available.

At that meeting, the Accused Student will be advised of his/her reported behavior and be offered the opportunity to provide information upon which the determination may be based whether or not the Student engaged in conduct warranting an interim suspension or residence hall separation.

Any Student placed on an interim suspension will be given an opportunity to appear at an administrative conference or a formal hearing on the misconduct charges lodged against him or her in accordance with II.B.5 of this Code within ten (10) Calendar Days of being placed on such suspension, or as soon as practical after the Accused Student is prepared to participate in such a hearing.

#### **PART D: DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS**

Sanctions which may be imposed for violations of the Student Code are listed below. In determining appropriate sanctions, the Hearing Body may take into consideration any and all prior violations of the Code for which the Accused Student was determined to be responsible. The Hearing Body shall have the authority to defer the imposition of any sanction when deemed appropriate. The University may withhold awarding a degree otherwise earned until the completion of the process set forth in this Student Code, including the completion of all sanctions imposed, if any.

1. **Sanctions Which May Be Imposed for Violations of the Code:** The following sanctions may be imposed, individually or in various combinations, on any student found to have violated the Student Code, and will be entered into the Student's disciplinary records. Notation of disciplinary sanctions shall be on file only in the appropriate office in the Division of Student Affairs and shall not be released without the written consent of the Student except to appropriate University enforcement personnel, University police, staff and administrators, or as required by law.
  - a. Warning: A disciplinary warning is a written notice to a Student advising him or her that specific behavior or activity constitutes a violation of the Code and that the repetition of such behavior will likely result in the commencement of more serious disciplinary action by the University.

- b. Fine: A sanction involving the imposition of a specified dollar amount due and payable by a specified date.
- c. Probation: Disciplinary probation is a designated period of time during which a Student is given the opportunity to modify unacceptable behavior and/or to complete specific assignments in an effort to regain full student privileges within University Community. Disciplinary probation may involve the imposition of certain restrictions and/or conditions upon the Student including, but not limited to, financial restitution, community service, fines, referral for professional services such as counseling, participation in educational programs, parental notification under limited circumstances, and ineligibility to participate in University activities or events. Periodic contact with a designated member of the University Community or non-college professional may be required. If the Student fully complies with the terms and conditions imposed in connection with the disciplinary probation, full student privileges will be restored to the student upon termination of the probationary period. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the probation constitutes prohibited conduct that is separate from and in addition to the conduct for which the probation was imposed. A Student accused of violation of probation will be given due notice of the alleged violation and the procedures set forth in this Code shall be followed.
- d. Loss of Privileges: Denial of specified privileges for a designated period.
- e. Restitution: Compensation for loss, damage to real or personal property. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement.
- f. Discretionary Sanctions: Work assignments, essays, service to the University, or other related discretionary assignments, referral for professional services such as counseling, participation in educational programs, parental notification under limited circumstances, and ineligibility to participate in University activities or events. Periodic contact with a designated member of the University Community or non-college professional may be required.
- g. Residence Hall Warning: A written notice to a Student advising him or her that specific behavior or activity constitutes a violation of the Code and that the repetition of such behavior will likely result in the commencement of more serious disciplinary action by the University.
- h. Residence Hall Probation: Residence hall probation is a designated period during which an Accused Student is given the opportunity to modify unacceptable behavior and/or to complete specific assignments in an effort to regain full student privileges within the residence hall in which the Student resides. Residence hall probation may include restrictions and/or conditions on the exercise of residence hall activities and privileges. Periodic contact with a designated member of the residence hall staff or professional may be required. If the Accused Student fully complies with the terms and conditions imposed in connection with the residence hall probation,

full residence hall privileges will be restored to the Student upon termination of the probationary period. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the probation constitutes prohibited conduct that is separate from and in addition to the conduct for which the probation was imposed. A Student accused of violation of probation will be given due notice and the procedures set forth in this Code shall be followed.

- i. Residence Hall Separation: Separation of the Student from the residence halls for a definite period of time, after which the Student is eligible to return. Conditions for readmission may be specified.
  - j. Residence Hall Expulsion: Permanent separation of the Student from the residence halls.
  - k. Suspension: Suspension is temporary disciplinary separation from all universities among CSCU and the denial of all student privileges. Suspension shall be effective on the date that notice of the suspension is provided to the Accused Student, or later, if so stated in the notice, and shall prescribe the date and conditions upon which the Student may petition for readmission to the University. A Student separated from all universities within CSCU by suspension may under the terms of the suspension be excluded from the premises of all CSCU premises when in the judgment of the suspending authority, the Student's continued presence would constitute a danger to persons or property or a threat to the academic process. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the suspending authority of the suspended Student's home University or his or her designee may authorize a suspended student who has been excluded from all University premises to enter the premises of the student's home University for designated purposes.
  - l. Expulsion: Expulsion is permanent disciplinary separation from all universities within CSCU and the denial of all student privileges. Expulsion shall be effective on the date that notice of expulsion is provided to the Accused Student, or later, if so stated in the notice. A student separated from all universities of CSCU by expulsion may under the terms of the expulsion be excluded from all CSCU Premises when in the judgment of the expelling authority the Student's presence would constitute a danger to persons or property or a threat to the academic process.
2. **Revocation of Admission and/or Degree**: Upon the recommendation of the Hearing Body, admission to or a degree awarded from the University may be revoked by the University, acting through its President (or his or her designee) for fraud, misrepresentation, or other violation of University standards in obtaining admission or the degree.
3. **Consequences of Failure to Comply with a Duly Assigned Sanction**: Failure to comply with sanctions which have been assigned through a formal judicial process may lead to one or more of the following consequences:
- a. Denial of access to certain university services, including, but not limited to housing and parking;



- b. Denial of access to administrative processes, including, but not limited to, course add/drop, pre-registration, registration, and room selection; and/or
- c. Withholding of the privilege of participation in university sponsored activities and/or public ceremonies, or formal disciplinary charges under II.B hereof.

#### **4. Sanctions Which May Be Imposed on Student Organizations**

- a. Sanctions: Those sanctions listed in subsections 1.a through f of Section II.D.
- b. Loss of recognition: Loss of recognition for a specified period of time results in the loss of privileges, such as the use of university space, access to student activity fee funding, and/or the privilege of functioning as a student organization. Loss of recognition for more than two (2) semesters shall require that an organization reapply for University recognition. Conditions for future recognition may be imposed by the hearing body.

### **III. CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO COMMUNITY COLLEGE STUDENTS**

Procedures for Community College students differ from those procedures applicable to either the Universities or Charter Oak State College. This is due to the environmental, cultural and administrative differences within the types of the institutions comprising CSCU. Procedures for addressing allegations and sanctions regarding academic misconduct (as defined in Section I.D.1 above) for Community College Students as set for in this Section III of the Code.

#### **PART A: DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES (Academic and Non-Academic Misconduct)**

In regard to College Students, the following procedures shall govern the enforcement of the Code:

1. Information that a student may have violated the Code should be submitted to the Dean of Students, Dean of Academic Affairs or other designee of the President (hereinafter referred to as “the Dean”), normally within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of a possible violation or within thirty (30) calendar days of the date that the facts constituting a possible violation were known.
2. Upon receipt of information relating to a possible violation, the Dean may immediately place restrictions on or suspend a student on an interim basis if, in the judgment of the Dean, the continued presence of the student at the College or continued participation in the full range of college activities poses a danger to persons or property or constitutes an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process.
  - a. “Interim restrictions” are limitations on the Student’s participation in certain College functions and activities, access to certain locations on campus or access to certain persons, that do not prevent the Student from continuing to pursue his/her academic program. A Student upon whom the Dean has placed interim restrictions shall be afforded written reasons for the restrictions, as well as the time period during which the interim restrictions shall apply. The decision of the Dean regarding interim restrictions shall be final.
  - b. “Interim suspension” is the temporary separation of the Student from the College that involves the denial of all privileges, including entrance to College premises. Prior to imposing an interim suspension, the Dean shall make a good faith effort to meet with the Student. At this meeting, the Dean shall inform the Student of the information received and provide the Student an opportunity to present other information for the Dean’s consideration. Based upon the information available at that time, the Dean shall determine whether the Student’s continued presence on campus poses a danger to persons or property or constitutes an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process. A Student suspended on an interim basis by the Dean shall be provided written reasons for the suspension and shall be entitled to an administrative conference or a hearing as soon as possible, normally within ten (10) calendar days from the date the interim suspension was imposed. The decision of the Dean regarding an interim suspension shall be final.
3. Following the imposition of interim restrictions or interim suspension, if any, the Dean shall promptly investigate the information received by meeting with individuals who may have knowledge of the matter, including the accused Student, and by reviewing all relevant documents.

If upon the conclusion of the Dean's investigation, the Dean determines that there is insufficient reason to believe the Student has committed a violation of any part of Section I.D. of this Policy, the Dean shall dismiss the matter and shall so inform the Student in writing.

4. If upon the conclusion of the Dean's investigation, the Dean determines that there is reason to believe the Student has committed a violation of any part of Section I. D. of this Code and, after considering both the possible violation and the prior conduct record of the Student, that a sanction of less than suspension or expulsion is appropriate, the Dean shall schedule an administrative conference with the Student. The Student shall be given reasonable notice of the time and place of the conference. At the administrative conference, the Student shall have the opportunity to present information for the Dean's consideration. At the conclusion of the administrative conference, the Dean shall determine whether it is more likely than not that the Student has violated the Policy and, if so, impose a sanction less than suspension or expulsion. The Dean shall provide the Student with a written explanation for the determination. The decision of the Dean shall be final.
5. If upon the conclusion of the Dean's investigation, the Dean determines that there is reason to believe the Student has committed a violation of any part of Section I.D. of this Code and, after considering both the violation and the prior conduct record of the Student, that a sanction of suspension or expulsion is appropriate, the Dean shall provide the Student with reasonable written notice of a meeting and shall inform the Student that his/her failure to attend the meeting or to respond to the notice may result in the imposition of the maximum permissible sanction. At the meeting, the Dean shall provide the Student with a written statement that shall include the following:
  - a. a concise statement of the alleged facts;
  - b. the provision(s) of Section I.D. that appear to have been violated;
  - c. the maximum permissible sanction; and
  - d. a statement that the student may resolve the matter by mutual agreement with the Dean, or may request a hearing by notifying the Dean in writing, which must be received by 5:00pm on the following business day.
6. If the Student requests a hearing, he/she is entitled to the following:
  - a. to be heard within five (5) days or as soon as reasonably possible, by an impartial party or panel whose members shall be appointed by the Dean;
  - b. if the Dean appoints an impartial panel, to have a Student on the panel if requested by the Student;
  - c. to appear in person and to have an advisor who not shall attend as a representative of the Student. However, if there is pending at the time of the hearing a criminal matter pertaining to the same incident that is the subject of the hearing, a lawyer may be present for the sole purpose of observing the proceedings and advising the Student concerning the effect of the proceedings on the pending criminal matter;
  - d. to hear and to question the information presented;
  - e. to present information, to present witnesses, and to make a statement on his or her behalf; and
  - f. to receive a written decision following the hearing.
7. As used herein, the term "impartial" shall mean that the individual was not a party to the incident under consideration and has no personal interest in the outcome of the proceedings. Prior to the

commencement of the hearing, the Student who is subject to the hearing may challenge the appointment of an impartial party or panel member on the ground that the person(s) is (are) not impartial. The challenge shall be made in writing to the Dean and shall contain the reasons for the assertion that the person(s) is (are) not impartial. The decision of the Dean shall be final.

8. The written decision of the impartial party or panel shall specify whether, based on the information presented, it is more likely than not that the Student committed the violation(s) reported and shall state the sanction to be imposed, if any. The written decision shall be provided to the Student.
9. Sanctions imposed by an impartial party or panel are effective immediately. The President may, for good cause, suspend imposition of the sanctions imposed by the impartial party or panel to allow the Student time to prepare a written request for review. If a written request is received, the President may continue to suspend imposition of the sanctions until he has reviewed and acted on the Student's request.
10. A written request for review of the decision of the impartial party or panel must be received by the President within three (3) calendar days after the Student is notified of the decision and must clearly identify the grounds for review. The review by the President is limited to the record of the hearing, the written request, and any supporting documentation submitted with the request by the Student. The decision of the impartial party or the panel shall be upheld unless the President finds that:
  - a. a violation of the procedures set forth herein significantly prejudiced the Student; and/or
  - b. the information presented to the impartial party or panel was not substantial enough to justify the decision; and/or,
  - c. the sanction(s) imposed was (were) disproportionate to the seriousness of the violation.
11. Decisions under this procedure shall be made only by the college officials indicated.

## **PART B: DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS**

The prior conduct record of a Student shall be considered in determining the appropriate sanction for a Student who has been found to have violated any part of Section I.D. of this Code. Sanctions shall be progressive in nature; that is, more serious sanctions may be imposed if warranted by the prior conduct record of the Student.

A "sanction" may be any action affecting the status of an individual as a Student taken by the College in response to a violation of this Policy, and for the purposes of this Section III of the Code include but are not limited to the following:

1. "Expulsion" is a permanent separation from the College that involves denial of all Student privileges, including entrance to College premises;
2. "Suspension" is a temporary separation from the College that involves denial of all Student privileges, including entrance to college premises for the duration of the suspension, and may include conditions for reinstatement;

3. “Removal of College Privileges” involves restrictions on Student access to certain locations, functions and/or activities but does not preclude the Student from continuing to pursue his/her academic program;
4. “Probation” is a status that indicates either (a) serious misconduct not warranting expulsion, suspension, or removal of College privileges, or (b) repetition of misconduct after a warning has been imposed;
5. A “Warning” is a written notice to the Student indicating that he or she has engaged in conduct that is in violation of Section I.D. of this Code and that any repetition of such conduct or other conduct that violates this Code is likely to result in more serious sanctions;
6. “Community Restitution” requires a Student to perform a number of hours of service on the campus or in the community at large.

## **IV. CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO CHARTER OAK STATE COLLEGE STUDENTS**

Procedures for Charter Oak State College students differ from those procedures applicable to either the Community Colleges or the Universities. This is due to the environmental, cultural, and administrative differences within the types of the institutions comprising CSCU. Procedures for addressing allegations and sanctions regarding academic misconduct (as defined in Section I.D.1 above) for Charter Oak State College Students as set for in this Section IV of the Code.

### **PART A: RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF HEARING PARTICIPANTS**

Hearing participants may include the accused student(s), a complainant, witnesses, support person(s), and the members of the hearing body.

The complaining party, any alleged victim, and the student who has been charged shall each have the right to:

1. Be notified of all charges.
2. Review any written complaint(s) submitted in support of the charge(s).
3. Be informed of the hearing process.
4. Request a delay of a hearing due to extenuating circumstances.
5. Be accompanied by an advisor or support person during the hearing.
6. Be present at all stages of the hearing process except during the private deliberations of the hearing body.
7. Submit a written statement regarding the incident.
8. Give a personal statement.
9. Question all statements and other information presented at the hearing.
10. Present information and witnesses when deemed appropriate and relevant by the hearing body.
11. Be informed of the finding(s) as well as any sanctions imposed.
12. Present a personal or community impact statement to the hearing body upon a finding of "Violation."

In addition to the above-mentioned rights, a student who has been charged with a violation of the Student Code of Conduct shall have the right to:

1. Be notified of the proposed information to be presented and to know the identity of witnesses who have been called to speak at the hearing when the Chair of the disciplinary hearing knows such information.
2. Request an alternate hearing panel member when there is reasonable cause to believe that the hearing panel will be unable to conduct an impartial hearing.
3. Be presumed not to be in "violation" of the code unless the facts presented at the hearing prove otherwise.
4. Deny or admit violating the Code of Conduct.
5. Decline to give a personal statement.
6. Present Character Witnesses, if appropriate.
7. Receive a written notice of the sanction(s) imposed.

**PART B: DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES**

The Administration and the Faculty of Charter Oak State College believe that all members of the academic community are entitled to expect compliance with Section I.D.1 Prohibited Conduct. Accordingly, any Student or employee of the College may initiate a disciplinary process in the manner specified by this section. Once the process has been initiated, all subsequent decisions concerning possible discipline of a Student or students rest with the appropriate College officials. The President shall designate the Provost or another College official to have responsibility for the disciplinary procedures.

1. A statement of possible violation must be filed in writing with the Provost within thirty (30) business days of the date of the alleged violation or within thirty (30) business days of the date the alleged violation was known. Said statement must specify the Student conduct in question and the part or parts of Section I.D.1 Prohibited Conduct, which it is alleged said conduct violates, if applicable.
2. If the Provost determines that the alleged conduct may violate the provisions of the Code or otherwise threatens the safety or order of the College, the Provost shall, within ten (10) business days of receiving a written statement, provide written notice to the Student of the statement of possible violation(s) and the fact that the allegations will be investigated. The investigation shall be conducted by the Provost and/or his or her designee(s), and may include but not be limited to interviews with witnesses, the complainant(s), and review of any pertinent materials and information, and shall include an interview with the Student suspected in engaging in misconduct conduct unless the Student suspected declines to be interviewed. The investigation shall be completed within thirty (30) business days of the Provost's receipt of the written statement of possible violation. A record of the investigations will be maintained.
3. Following completion of the informal investigation specified above, the Provost will (a) determine that there is insufficient basis in fact and dismiss the matter or (b) conclude that there is a sufficient factual basis for discipline.
4. If the Provost determines there is a sufficient factual basis for moving forward with disciplinary proceedings, he or she shall cause a written statement of charges to be provided to the Student. Said statement shall contain (a) a concise statement of the facts on which the charge is based; (b) a citation of the rule or rules alleged to have been violated; (c) a statement of the maximum penalty sought; (d) a statement that the Student may request a hearing by responding in writing to the Provost within thirty (30) business days requesting such hearing; and (e) a statement that failure to request a hearing may result in imposition of the penalty sought.
5. If the Student requests a formal hearing, the Student is entitled to the following: (a) a hearing be conducted within thirty (30) business days after receipt by Provost of a written request for a hearing; (b) to be heard by an impartial panel chaired by the Dean of the Faculty or his/her designee and composed of no fewer than two members of the Charter Oak State College Faculty, one appointed by the Dean of the Faculty and one Student appointed by the Student Association; (c) to appear in person or through a conference call or other mutually agreed upon electronic means, or to have a representative attend on his/her behalf; (d) be accompanied by a support person during the hearing; (e) to hear and have a reasonable opportunity to question adverse witnesses and to present evidence and testimony in his/her behalf; and (f) to receive a written decision within ten (10) business days following the hearing specifying the panel's

findings and the penalty assessed, if any. The hearing shall be taped and a record shall be maintained of this hearing.

6. Hearing: A hearing shall be conducted following the guidelines specified below:

***On-site:***

- a. A hearing shall be conducted in private.
- b. Admission of any person into the hearing room shall be at the discretion of the chair of the hearing body. The chair, who is the Dean of the Faculty or his/her designee, shall have the authority to discharge or to remove any person whose presence is deemed unnecessary or obstructive to the proceeding.
- c. Except as directed by the chair, support persons shall limit their role in a hearing to that of a consultant to the accused, to the complainant or to the victim.
- d. The complainant and the accused are responsible for presenting their respective witnesses, any additional information, and any concluding statements regarding the charges and the information.
- e. In a manner deemed appropriate by the chair, the complainant and/or the accused may question the statements of any person who testifies.
- f. The hearing panel may question any witness presented by the accused and the complainant, including the complainant and the accused as well as any other witnesses the chair may choose to call.
- g. Pertinent records, exhibits, and written statements may be accepted as information for consideration by the Hearing Body at the discretion of the chair.
- h. All procedural questions are subject to the final decision of the chair or the Provost.
- i. After the hearing has concluded, the hearing panel, in private, will decide whether the Student charged with misconduct is in violation of the Student Code of Conduct. The Dean of the Faculty or his/her designee may participate in the discussion, but is a non-voting member. Only evidence introduced at the hearing shall be considered in the determination of the decision. Each decision shall be made on the basis of whether or not the information presented at the hearing substantiates the charges in a more likely than not manner.
- j. If the panel finds that the student violated the Student Conduct Code, the panel, in private, shall review the Student's academic transcript and disciplinary record, hear a character witness, if appropriate, and impose the appropriate sanction (s). The decision of the panel will be provided in writing to the Provost. The decision and sanction will be sent to the student in writing by the Provost.
- k. A taped record of the hearing will be maintained. The record shall be the property of the College.

***Via the Phone:***

- a. For the accused or complainant who cannot attend in person, Charter Oak State College will set up a conference call.
- b. Twenty-one (21) business days before the hearing, the Provost must receive all materials to be presented by the accused and by the complainant, including the names and relationships of the character witnesses and support persons. The Provost will send copies of the materials to the hearing panel, the accused, and



- the complainant at least seven (7) business days before the hearing. The Provost will arrange for the conference call.
- c. The procedures outlined in the "on- site" section will be followed, unless they specifically apply only to the on-site hearing.
  - d. Within ten (10) business days of the conclusion of the formal hearing, a Student may appeal the decision, in writing, to the President. An appeal shall be limited to a consideration of the verbatim record of the hearing and supporting documents for one or more of the following: a.) the process set forth in the guidelines was not followed and resulted in prejudice to the Student; b.) the evidence presented was insufficient to justify the decision; and c.) sanction(s) imposed was/were disproportionate to the gravity of the offense. The President may accept the decision of the hearing panel, overturn their decision, return the matter to the original hearing panel, or appoint a new hearing panel. The decision of the original hearing panel or the new hearing panel or the President will be sent to the Student in writing by the President and will be final.
  - e. During any appeal period, any sanctions will remain in place and the Student will not be allowed to participate in a graduation ceremony nor graduate until the review process has been completed and a final decision rendered.

### **PART C: INTERIM ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION**

The President or his/her designee may impose an interim "College Suspension" and/or other necessary restrictions on a Student prior to a hearing on the Student's alleged violation. Such action may be taken when, in the professional judgment of the President or his/her designee, a threat of imminent harm to persons or property exists.

Interim Administrative Action is not a sanction. Rather, it is an action to protect the safety and well-being of an accused Student, or other members of the College community, or greater community or to protect property. Such action is in effect only until a hearing is completed.

### **PART D: DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS**

Disciplinary penalty shall mean any action affecting the status of an individual as a Student taken by the College in response to a Student's misconduct in violation of Section I.D.1 Prohibited Conduct above, which penalties shall include but not be limited to:

1. Warning - A written notice that the Student has violated College Policy and a warning that another violation will likely result in a more severe sanction.
2. Restitution - Compensation for loss of or damage to property.
3. Academic Sanctions
4. Suspension - Suspension is a temporary disciplinary separation from the College involving denial of all Student privileges, including entrance to College premises. A notation of "suspension" will be placed in the Student database but will not be placed on the Student transcript. Charter Oak State College will not accept credits earned at another institution or through any other means during a period of suspension. Suspensions shall range from one semester to two years.
5. Students who are suspended will receive no refund of tuition or fees.
6. A Student who has been suspended must apply for re-matriculation if he/she plans to return.
7. Expulsion - Expulsion is mandatory separation from the College involving denial of all Student privileges, including entrance to college premises for a minimum of 5 years.

After the length of the term for expulsion has expired, the Student may request in writing directed to the Provost permission to re-matriculate. That permission must indicate why Charter Oak State College should allow the Student to return.

8. Charter Oak State College will not accept credits earned at another institution or through any other means during a period of expulsion. A permanent notation of "Dismissed" shall be placed on the Student's transcript.

Failure to comply with requirements of Restitution or Academic Sanctions above will result in dismissal from the institution. The Student must complete the requirements of the sanction before he/she would be allowed to apply for readmission and/or graduate.

# **QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

## **POLICIES AND PROCEDURES RELATED TO SEX OFFENSES, SEXUAL HARASSMENT, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, AND RELATED ISSUES**

### **Statement of Policy**

Updated 07/28/2017

QVCC policies concerning sex offenses, sexual harassment and similar issues are in accord with the following policy established by the Connecticut Board of Regents for Higher Education (BOR):

The BOR in conjunction with the Connecticut State Colleges and Universities (CSCU) is committed to insuring that each member of every BOR governed college or university community has the opportunity to participate fully in the process of education and development. The BOR and CSCU strive to maintain a safe and welcoming environment free from acts of sexual misconduct and relationship violence. It is the intent of the BOR and each of its colleges or universities to provide safety, privacy and support to victims of sexual misconduct, stalking, and relationship violence.

The BOR strongly encourages the reporting of sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, stalking, and intimate partner violence, as an effective means of taking action by reporting such acts to the appropriate officials and pursuing criminal or disciplinary remedies, or both. The only way that action can be taken against anyone who violates another in such a manner is through reporting. Each and every BOR governed college or university shall provide those who report sexual misconduct with many supportive options, including referral to agencies that provide medical attention, counseling, legal services, advocacy, referrals and general information regarding sexual assault. Each and every BOR governed college or university will preserve the confidentiality of those who report sexual misconduct to the fullest extent possible and allowed by law. All BOR and CSCU employees, victim advocates or community victim advocates being consulted will make any limits of confidentiality clear before any disclosure of facts takes place.

Sexual intimacy is permissible only if it is agreed to by all participants and all activity is affirmatively consensual at all times. Sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking, and intimate partner violence, against anyone is unacceptable and is both a crime under State law and a violation of BOR policies. The BOR and each of its governed colleges and universities are committed to providing an environment free of personal offenses. Consensual sexual relationships between staff, faculty and students are discouraged pursuant to BOR policy.

### **Rights of Those Who Report**

Those who report any type of sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, stalking, or intimate partner violence, to any BOR governed college or university employee will be informed in a timely manner of all their rights and options, including the necessary steps and potential outcomes of each option. When choosing a reporting resource the following information should be considered:

- All reports of sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, stalking, and intimate partner violence, will be treated seriously and with dignity by the institution.
- Referrals to off-campus counseling and medical services that are available immediately and confidential, whether or not those who report an assault feel ready to make any decisions about reporting the assault to police, the Dean of Students or the Campus's Title IX Coordinator.
- Those who have been assaulted have the right to take both legal action (criminal/civil action) and action against the individual allegedly responsible.
- QVCC staff members will assist victims in notifying law enforcement agencies if asked to do so by the victims.
- Those who seek confidentiality may contact a clergy member(s), the Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Connecticut, and/or United Services Inc. – all of whom are bound by state statutes and professional ethics to maintain confidentiality without written releases.

## **How to Report Incidents of Sex Offenses, Intimate Partner Violence, and Domestic Violence**

### **Privacy of Information Reported and where to file a report**

When QVCC receives a report of sexual assault, or sexual misconduct and/or domestic violence, reasonable steps will be taken to preserve the privacy of the person purported to be the victim while promptly investigating and responding to the report. While QVCC will strive to maintain the confidentiality of the information reported subject to privacy requirements of the Family Education Rights Privacy Act (FERPA), QVCC also must fulfill its duty to protect the QVCC community and to assure that the appropriate disciplinary processes are implemented.

**As such, complete confidentiality when reporting to QVCC staff cannot always be guaranteed.**

Employees and students can file a report regarding any allegations of sexual assault and/or domestic violence at three on-campus locations at QVCC:

1. Paul Martland, Dean of Administrative Services and Title IX Coordinator  
Human Resources, Room C225  
742 Upper Maple Street  
Danielson, CT 06239  
860-932--4124  
Email: [pmartland@qvcc.edu](mailto:pmartland@qvcc.edu)
2. Alfred Williams, Dean of Academic Affairs and Student Services  
Academic Affairs, Room E229  
742 Upper Maple Street  
Danielson, CT 06239  
860- 932-4172  
Email: [awilliams@qvcc.edu](mailto:awilliams@qvcc.edu)
3. Kim Rich, Director of Financial Aid  
Room C129C  
742 Upper Maple St.  
Danielson, CT 06239

In addition employees and students can also file a report regarding any allegations of sexual assault and/or domestic violence with hospitals and law enforcement. Complete confidentiality **cannot** be guaranteed. While medical care is typically confidential, the evidence collected by a hospital becomes property of the State and may then be used as court evidence in a sexual assault case. Complaints made to the police are public information and that information may be used in the investigative process.

**Day Kimball Hospital**

320 Pomfret Street  
Putnam, CT  
24/7, 365 days per year  
860-928-7503

**Windham Hospital**

112 Mansfield Ave  
Willimantic, CT 06226  
24/7, 365 days per year  
860-456-9116

**Connecticut State Police**

[TROOP D - Danielson](#)

55 Westcott Road  
Danielson, CT 06239  
(800) 954-8828 (toll free only in CT)  
(860)779-4900

**Willimantic Police Department**

22 Meadow Street  
Willimantic, CT 06226  
860-465-3135

**Fully Confidential Resources**

Confidential resources, such as off campus counseling and psychological services, health services providers, and member(s) of the clergy are bound by state statutes and professional ethics from disclosing information about reports without written releases. Information that such persons receive from a sexual assault or domestic violence reporter or the person reported to have been assaulted cannot be disclosed legally to any other person without consent, except under very limited circumstances, such as an imminent threat of danger to self or others or if the reported victim is a minor. Therefore, those who wish to obtain the fullest legal protections and disclose in full confidentiality must speak with a fully confidential resource.

Victims of sexual assault and/or domestic violence can file a fully confidential report off-campus regarding any sexual assault and/or domestic violence allegations and seek treatment with:

**Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Eastern CT, Inc. (SACCEC)**

The Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Eastern Connecticut is a private, non-profit agency offering free and confidential, comprehensive services to victims of sexual assault and abuse. SACCEC is a member center of the Connecticut Sexual Assault Crisis Services (CONNSACS), the statewide coalition of sexual assault crisis agencies. SACCEC offers: hotline services 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; 24-hour crisis counseling; information & referral; advocacy for children and non-abusing parent; short-term counseling for victims and their family and/or friends; support groups; community education programs dealing with sexual assault issues; community prevention programs dealing with safety concerns; assistance with filing restraining orders and more.

90 South Park Street  
Willimantic, CT 06226 (serving all of Windham County, including Danielson)  
860-456-3595  
24 hour hotlines:  
860-999-5545 (English)      860-999-568-8332 (Spanish)

## **United Services Inc. Domestic Violence Program**

United Services, Inc.'s Domestic Violence Program provides support, advocacy, referral and counseling for victims of domestic violence and their children. The confidential hotlines are available for crisis intervention 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Emergency shelter and referrals are also available for families who need a safe place in a crisis.

132 Mansfield Avenue  
Willimantic, CT 06226  
Hotline: 860-456-9476  
Telephone: 860-456-2261

## **Sexual Assault and Domestic Violence Awareness and Education**

During new student orientation, and at planned sessions throughout the academic year, students are presented information designed to create student awareness communicating the prevalence of sexual assault and domestic violence and present tools for students to empower themselves to take a stand against sexual assault. Training at staff meetings and email awareness communications are also provided for faculty, staff members, and administrators. Entering students and employees are given an emergency sexual assault and domestic violence fact sheet that explains available services for victims of sexual assault and/or domestic violence, as well as the immediate response role of QVCC personnel. Relevant policy and resource information is posted on QVCC's web site and at QVCC facilities and distributed to students and staff.

## **Procedures to Be Used in On Campus Disciplinary Proceedings in Cases of alleged sex offenses including Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking**

The Student Handbook contains a detailed explanation of QVCC's Code of Conduct and Disciplinary Procedures. The Student Handbook is viewable on the QVCC website under the heading "Current Student Services".

In cases of alleged sexual misconduct and related offenses, the accuser and the accused have the following additional rights:

- At any meeting or proceeding, both the alleged victim and the accused student may be accompanied by an advisor or support person of the student's choice provided the advisor or support person does not cause a scheduled meeting or hearing to be delayed or postponed.
- The alleged victim of sexual misconduct, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, intimate partner violence, or domestic violence is entitled to request that disciplinary hearings begin promptly.
- Any hearing regarding an accusation of sexual misconduct, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, intimate partner violence, or domestic violence shall be conducted by an impartial hearing party or panel trained in issues relating to sexual misconduct, sexual assault, intimate partner violence, and domestic violence.
- In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the accused and the alleged victim have the right to keep their identities confidential.

- Both the alleged victim and the accused student shall receive a written report from a CSCU official indicating the determination of the impartial party or panel and the sanction(s) imposed on the accused student, if any. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, QVCC will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim's next of kin, if so requested.
- Either the alleged victim or the accused student may request a review of the decision of the impartial panel or party, in accordance with the normal College disciplinary procedures.
- The standard of evidence to be used in these matters is whether, based upon the information presented, it is more likely than not that the accused student committed the violation(s) reported. As per the Student Handbook, sanctions imposed may include expulsion from QVCC.

### **Options for Changing Academic, Campus Transportation & Working Arrangements**

QVCC will provide assistance to those involved in a report of sexual harassment, sexual assault or intimate partner violence, including but not limited to, reasonably available options for changing academic, campus transportation, or working situations as well as honoring lawful protective or temporary restraining orders. Requests for such assistance should be made to the Dean of Students.

**STATE OF CONNECTICUT**  
**VIOLENCE IN THE WORKPLACE PREVENTION POLICY**

The State of Connecticut has adopted a statewide zero tolerance policy for workplace violence. Quinebaug Valley Community College fully supports this policy and recognizes the right of its employees to work in a safe and secure environment that is characterized by respect and professionalism.

**Prohibited Conduct**

Except as may be required as a condition of employment:

- No employee shall bring into any state worksite any weapon or dangerous instrument as defined herein.
- No employee shall use, attempt to use, or threaten to use any such weapon or dangerous instrument in a state worksite.
- No employee shall cause or threaten to cause death or physical injury to any individual in a state worksite.

In addition, Quinebaug Valley Community College prohibits all conduct, either verbal or physical, that is abusive, threatening, intimidating or demeaning.

**Definitions**

"Weapon" means any firearm, including a BB gun, whether loaded or unloaded, any knife (excluding a small pen, pocket, or kitchen knife), including a switchblade or other knife having an automatic spring release device, a stiletto, any police baton or nightstick or any martial arts weapon or electronic defense weapon.

"Dangerous instrument" means any instrument, article, or substance that, under the circumstances, is capable of causing death or serious physical injury. You may have pepper spray.

**Confiscation of Weapons and Dangerous Instruments**

Any weapon or dangerous instrument at the worksite will be confiscated and there is no reasonable expectation of privacy with respect to such items in the workplace.



## **Reporting Procedures**

- **Emergency Situations:** Any employee who believes that there is a serious threat to his/her safety or the safety of others that requires immediate attention should contact **911**. When safe to do so the employee should also contact Dean Paul Martland (860-932-4124) or Dean Alfred Williams (860-932-4172)

Please note that when 911 is dialed from a hard line, the local police authority will respond. When dialing from a cell phone, 911 will connect you directly to the nearest State Police Troop. When dialing from a cell phone you will need to provide the location in the building where the event is taking place.

- **Non-Emergency Situations:** any employee who feels subjected to or witnesses violent, threatening, harassing, or intimidating behavior in the workplace should immediately report the incident or statement to his/her supervisor or manager, and the Human Resources Office.
- **Supervisors/Managers Responsibilities:** Any manager or supervisor who receives a report of violent, threatening, harassing, or intimidating behavior shall immediately contact the Human Resources Office so that office may evaluate, investigate, and take appropriate action.

## **Investigation and Corrective Action**

- Quinebaug Valley Community College will promptly investigate all reports or alleged incidents of violent, threatening, harassing or intimidating behavior. All employees are expected to cooperate fully in all such investigations. Dean of Administration Paul Martland will conduct the investigations.
- Any employee suspected of violating this policy may be placed immediately on administrative leave pending the results of the investigation.
- If the claims of violent, threatening, harassing or intimidating conduct are substantiated, or if it is found that the employee has otherwise violated this policy, the employee will be dealt with through the appropriate disciplinary process, and may be subject to discipline up to and including dismissal from state service.
- Where the situation warrants, Quinebaug Valley Community College will request that the appropriate law enforcement agencies become involved in the investigation of the matter, and may seek prosecution of conduct that violates the law.

## **Establishment of the Threat Assessment Team**

- Human Resources has established a Threat Assessment Team to handle workplace violence complaints.

- Team members will meet regularly and as needed, and may include agency decision-makers, non-agency consultants and ad-hoc members familiar with and responsive to workplace violence issues.
- Three major functions of the team include: identifying the potential for violence at Quinebaug Valley Community College, determining ways to prevent potentially violent incidents, and responding to individual acts of violence.

### **Enforcement of the Policy**

This policy will be prominently posted for all agency employees.

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Agency Head

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Date

Updated: August, 2016.

### **Examples of workplace violence behaviors (excerpt from Violence in the Workplace Policy and Procedures Manual- Revised October 2011)**

The Executive Order specifically identifies three types of workplace violence.

- Bringing any weapon or dangerous instrument into any state worksite
- Using, attempting to use, or threatening to use any weapon or dangerous instrument in a state worksite
- Causing or threatening to cause death or physical injury to any individual in a state worksite

The spectrum of impermissible behavior is, however, broader than these three examples. According to the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), “workplace violence” is defined as:

any physical assault, threatening behavior or verbal abuse occurring in the work setting. It includes but is not limited to beatings, stabbings, suicides, shootings, rapes, near suicides, psychological traumas such as threats, obscene phone calls, an intimidating presence, and harassment of any nature such as being followed, sworn at, or shouted at.

The term "violence" refers to a range of inappropriate behaviors that include but are not limited to the following:

- Intimidating or threatening behaviors
- Physical or verbal abuse
- Vandalism
- Arson
- Sabotage
- Carrying or possessing weapons of any kind on property owned/leased or otherwise controlled or occupied by the state, unless properly authorized
- Using such weapons
- Any other act(s) which a reasonable person would consider as inappropriate and/or posing a danger or threat of danger/violence in the workplace
- Such behavior includes, but is not limited to oral, written or e-mail statements, gestures, or expressions that communicate a direct or indirect threat of physical harm
- Offensive comments regarding violent events and/or behaviors

Moreover, state statutes and regulations forbid offensive or abusive conduct toward the public, co-workers, or inmates, patients or clients of State institutions or facilities. Such conduct may be just cause for disciplinary action, up to and including termination. (See C.G.S. §5-240, Appendix I, and associated regulations).



## **SEXUAL VIOLENCE REPORTABLE STATISTICS AND DATA**

**CSCU INSTITUTION:** Quinebaug Valley Community College

**REPORTING OFFICE/DEPARTMENT:** Administration/Human Resources

**INSTITUTION CONTACT:** Paul Martland, Dean of Administration/HR

**YEAR:** 2017 Report – Covering Calendar Year 2016

<b>I. SEXUAL VIOLENCE* PREVENTION, AWARENESS, AND RISK REDUCTION PROGRAMS:</b>			
<b>Program Category</b>	<b>Number of Programs:</b>		
	<b><i>Prevention:</i></b>	<b><i>Awareness:</i></b>	<b><i>Risk Reduction:</i></b>
<b><i>Sexual Assault</i></b>		11	
<b><i>Stalking</i></b>		11	
<b><i>Intimate Partner Violence</i></b>		11	
<b><i>Program Types: (List and Describe Each Program Type)</i></b>			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>03/15/2016: Heath Hightower presentation to staff meeting regarding our responsibilities to report student disclosure of sexual violence, domestic violence and stalking (see copies of protocol, resource sheet and tracking distribution)</li> <li>04/01/2016: Safe Zone training for 32 Faculty and Staff members facilitated by the Gay Alliance of Rochester</li> <li>04/04/2016: LGBTQIA information and resource table in the Student Success Center.</li> <li>04/07/2016: Stonewall Speakers presentations at Danielson and Willimantic about the LGBTQIA experience in Connecticut.</li> <li>04/27/2016: Sexual Assault Awareness Training presented to 29 Faculty and Staff members by the Associate Director of SACCEC</li> <li>August 2016: Heath Hightower presentation on healthy relationships at new student orientation.</li> <li>October 2016: Month long display of “the Clothesline Project” at Willimantic</li> <li>10/26/2016: Domestic Violence Awareness Month training presented by United Services.</li> <li>10/31/2016: “In Her Shoes” interactive presentation about survivors of domestic violence presented at the Willimantic Center.</li> <li>December 2016: Month long display of “the Clothesline Project” at Danielson campus.</li> <li>All year 2016: Campus Resource Boards at Danielson and Willimantic; Rainbow Resource Boards at Danielson and Willimantic.</li> </ol>			

II. SEXUAL VIOLENCE PREVENTION AND AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS:		
Campaign Category	Number of Campaigns:	
	Prevention:	Awareness:
<i>Sexual Assault</i>		
<i>Stalking</i>		
<i>Intimate Partner Violence</i>		
<b>Campaign Types:</b> <i>(List and Describe Each Campaign Type)</i>		

III. TOTAL REPORTED INCIDENTS OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE:		
Incident Category	Number of Incidents Reported:	Number of Incidents Disclosed:
<i>Sexual Assault</i>		
<i>Stalking</i>	2	
<i>Intimate Partner Violence</i>		2

IV.a. DISCIPLINARY CASES AND FINAL OUTCOMES OF DISCIPLINARY CASES RELATING TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE (STUDENTS):								
Case Category	Total Number of Cases:	Final Outcome:						
		Warning:	Probation:	Suspension:	Expulsion:	Persona Non Grata (PNG):	Sanctions/ Sexual Violence Remediation:	Other:
<i>Sexual Assault</i>								
<i>Stalking</i>	1	1						
<i>Intimate Partner Violence</i>								

IV.b. FINAL OUTCOMES OF APPEALS OF ORIGINAL OUTCOMES OF CASES RELATING TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE (STUDENTS):			
Appeal Category	Total Number of Cases:	Outcome of Appeal Decision:	
		Upheld:	Overturned:
<i>Sexual Assault</i>			
<i>Stalking</i>			

<i>Intimate Partner Violence</i>			
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V.a. DISCIPLINARY CASES AND FINAL OUTCOMES OF DISCIPLINARY CASES RELATING TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE (EMPLOYEES):						
Case Category	Total Number of Cases:	Final Outcome:				
		<i>Reprimand:</i>	<i>Education/ Training:</i>	<i>Administrative Leave:</i>	<i>Termination:</i>	<i>Other:</i>
<i>Sexual Assault</i>						
<i>Stalking</i>	1	1				
<i>Intimate Partner Violence</i>						

V.b. FINAL OUTCOMES OF APPEALS OF ORIGINAL OUTCOMES OF CASES RELATING TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE (EMPLOYEES):		
Appeal Category	Outcome of Appeal Decision:	
	<i>Upheld:</i>	<i>Overturned:</i>
<i>Sexual Assault</i>		
<i>Stalking</i>		
<i>Intimate Partner Violence</i>		

VI. TOTAL ANONYMOUS OR CONFIDENTIAL SEXUAL VIOLENCE REPORTS OR DISCLOSURES TO THE INSTITUTION:				
Category	Number of Reports:		Number of Disclosures:	
	<i>Anonymous:</i>	<i>Confidential:</i>	<i>Anonymous:</i>	<i>Confidential:</i>
<i>Sexual Assault</i>				
<i>Stalking</i>				
<i>Intimate Partner Violence</i>				

\*"Sexual Violence" was used aggregately to encompass sexual assault, stalking, and intimate partner violence, as defined by C.G.S. The full text of each of the above reportables is as follows:

- I. A copy of its most recent policies regarding sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence;
- II. A copy of its most recent concise written notification of the rights and options of a student or employee who reports or discloses an alleged violation of its sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence policy or policies;

- III. The number and type of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence prevention, awareness and risk reduction programs at the institution;
- IV. The type of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence prevention and awareness campaigns held by the institution;
- V. The number of incidences of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence reported or disclosed to such institution;
- VI. The number of confidential or anonymous reports or disclosures to the institution of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence;
- VII. The number of disciplinary cases at the institution related to sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence; and
- VIII. The final outcome of all disciplinary cases at the institution related to sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence, including, but not limited to, the outcome of any appeals of such final outcome, to the extent reporting on such outcomes does not conflict with federal law.

## **STATUTORY REFERENCES AND DEFINITIONS**

### **SEXUAL ASSAULT**

**Sec. 53a-70. *Sexual assault in the first degree: Class B or A felony.*** (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the first degree when such person (1) compels another person to engage in sexual intercourse by the use of force against such other person or a third person, or by the threat of use of force against such other person or against a third person which reasonably causes such person to fear physical injury to such person or a third person, or (2) engages in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is under thirteen years of age and the actor is more than two years older than such person, or (3) commits sexual assault in the second degree as provided in section 53a-71 and in the commission of such offense is aided by two or more other persons actually present, or (4) engages in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is mentally incapacitated to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual intercourse.

(b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, sexual assault in the first degree is a class B felony for which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court or, if the victim of the offense is under ten years of age, for which ten years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(2) Sexual assault in the first degree is a class A felony if the offense is a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age or the offense is a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section. Any person found guilty under said subdivision (1) or (2) shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which ten years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court if the victim is under ten years of age or of which five years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court if the victim is under sixteen years of age.

(3) Any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of at least ten years, a portion of which may be suspended, except as provided in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, or a term of imprisonment and a period of special parole pursuant to subsection (b) of section 53a-28 which together constitute a sentence of at least ten years. Notwithstanding the provisions of



subsection (a) of section 53a-29 and except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a court may suspend a portion of a sentence imposed under this subsection and impose a period of supervised probation pursuant to subsection (f) of section 53a-29.

**Sec. 53a-71. Sexual assault in the second degree: Class C or B felony.** (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the second degree when such person engages in sexual intercourse with another person and: (1) Such other person is thirteen years of age or older but under sixteen years of age and the actor is more than three years older than such other person; or (2) such other person is impaired because of mental disability or disease to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual intercourse; or (3) such other person is physically helpless; or (4) such other person is less than eighteen years old and the actor is such person's guardian or otherwise responsible for the general supervision of such person's welfare; or (5) such other person is in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person; or (6) the actor is a psychotherapist and such other person is (A) a patient of the actor and the sexual intercourse occurs during the psychotherapy session, (B) a patient or former patient of the actor and such patient or former patient is emotionally dependent upon the actor, or (C) a patient or former patient of the actor and the sexual intercourse occurs by means of therapeutic deception; or (7) the actor accomplishes the sexual intercourse by means of false representation that the sexual intercourse is for a bona fide medical purpose by a health care professional; or (8) the actor is a school employee and such other person is a student enrolled in a school in which the actor works or a school under the jurisdiction of the local or regional board of education which employs the actor; or (9) the actor is a coach in an athletic activity or a person who provides intensive, ongoing instruction and such other person is a recipient of coaching or instruction from the actor and (A) is a secondary school student and receives such coaching or instruction in a secondary school setting, or (B) is under eighteen years of age; or (10) the actor is twenty years of age or older and stands in a position of power, authority or supervision over such other person by virtue of the actor's professional, legal, occupational or volunteer status and such other person's participation in a program or activity, and such other person is under eighteen years of age; or (11) such other person is placed or receiving services under the direction of the Commissioner of Developmental Services in any public or private facility or program and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person.

(b) Sexual assault in the second degree is a class C felony or, if the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class B felony, and any person found guilty under this section shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which nine months of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

**Sec. 53a-72a. Sexual assault in the third degree: Class D or C felony.** (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the third degree when such person (1) compels another person to submit to sexual contact (A) by the use of force against such other person or a third person, or (B) by the threat of use of force against such other person or against a third person, which reasonably causes such other person to fear physical injury to himself or herself or a third person, or (2) engages in sexual intercourse with another person whom the actor knows to be related to him or her within any of the degrees of kindred specified in section 46b-21.

(b) Sexual assault in the third degree is a class D felony or, if the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class C felony.

**Sec. 53a-73a. Sexual assault in the fourth degree: Class A misdemeanor or class D felony.** (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the fourth degree when: (1) Such person subjects another person to sexual contact who is (A) under thirteen years of age and the actor is more than two years older than such other person, or (B) thirteen years of age or older but under fifteen years of age and the actor is more than three

years older than such other person, or (C) mentally incapacitated or impaired because of mental disability or disease to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual contact, or (D) physically helpless, or (E) less than eighteen years old and the actor is such other person's guardian or otherwise responsible for the general supervision of such other person's welfare, or (F) in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person; or (2) such person subjects another person to sexual contact without such other person's consent; or (3) such person engages in sexual contact with an animal or dead body; or (4) such person is a psychotherapist and subjects another person to sexual contact who is (A) a patient of the actor and the sexual contact occurs during the psychotherapy session, or (B) a patient or former patient of the actor and such patient or former patient is emotionally dependent upon the actor, or (C) a patient or former patient of the actor and the sexual contact occurs by means of therapeutic deception; or (5) such person subjects another person to sexual contact and accomplishes the sexual contact by means of false representation that the sexual contact is for a bona fide medical purpose by a health care professional; or (6) such person is a school employee and subjects another person to sexual contact who is a student enrolled in a school in which the actor works or a school under the jurisdiction of the local or regional board of education which employs the actor; or (7) such person is a coach in an athletic activity or a person who provides intensive, ongoing instruction and subjects another person to sexual contact who is a recipient of coaching or instruction from the actor and (A) is a secondary school student and receives such coaching or instruction in a secondary school setting, or (B) is under eighteen years of age; or (8) such person subjects another person to sexual contact and (A) the actor is twenty years of age or older and stands in a position of power, authority or supervision over such other person by virtue of the actor's professional, legal, occupational or volunteer status and such other person's participation in a program or activity, and (B) such other person is under eighteen years of age; or (9) such person subjects another person to sexual contact who is placed or receiving services under the direction of the Commissioner of Developmental Services in any public or private facility or program and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person.

(b) Sexual assault in the fourth degree is a class A misdemeanor or, if the victim of the offense is under sixteen years of age, a class D felony.

### **SEXUAL ASSAULT/INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE**

**Sec. 10a-55m. (a) (1)** “*Affirmative Consent*” means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person.

**Sec. 10a-55m. (a) (5)** “*Intimate partner violence*” means any physical or sexual harm against an individual by a current or former spouse of or person in a dating relationship with such individual that results from any action by such spouse or such person that may be classified as a sexual assault under section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, stalking under section 53a-181c, 53a-181d or 53a-181e, or family violence as designated under section 46b-38h.

**Sec. 53a-70b. Sexual assault in spousal or cohabiting relationship: Class B felony.** (a) For the purposes of this section:

- (1) “Sexual intercourse” means vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse, fellatio or cunnilingus between persons regardless of sex. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse or fellatio and does not require emission of semen. Penetration may be committed by an object manipulated by the actor into the genital or anal opening of the victim's body; and
- (2) “Use of force” means: (A) Use of a dangerous instrument; or (B) use of actual physical force or violence or superior physical strength against the victim.

- (b) No spouse or cohabitor shall compel the other spouse or cohabitor to engage in sexual intercourse by the use of force against such other spouse or cohabitor, or by the threat of the use of force against such other spouse or cohabitor which reasonably causes such other spouse or cohabitor to fear physical injury.
- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a class B felony for which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

## **STALKING**

**Sec. 53a-181c. *Stalking in the first degree: Class D felony.*** (a) A person is guilty of stalking in the first degree when such person commits stalking in the second degree as provided in section 53a-181d and (1) such person has previously been convicted of a violation of section 53a-181d, or (2) such conduct violates a court order in effect at the time of the offense, or (3) the other person is under sixteen years of age.

- (b) Stalking in the first degree is a class D felony.

**Sec. 53a-181d. *Stalking in the second degree: Class A misdemeanor.*** (a) For the purposes of this section, "course of conduct" means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which a person directly, indirectly or through a third party, by any action, method, device or means, (1) follows, lies in wait for, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, harasses, communicates with or sends unwanted gifts to, a person, or (2) interferes with a person's property.

- (b) A person is guilty of stalking in the second degree when:

(1) Such person knowingly engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for such person's physical safety or the physical safety of a third person; or

(2) Such person intentionally, and for no legitimate purpose, engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear that such person's employment, business or career is threatened, where (A) such conduct consists of the actor telephoning to, appearing at or initiating communication or contact at such other person's place of employment or business, provided the actor was previously and clearly informed to cease such conduct, and (B) such conduct does not consist of constitutionally protected activity.

- (c) Stalking in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor.

**Sec. 53a-181e. *Stalking in the third degree: Class B misdemeanor.*** (a) A person is guilty of stalking in the third degree when he recklessly causes another person to reasonably fear for his physical safety by wilfully and repeatedly following or lying in wait for such other person.

- (b) Stalking in the third degree is a class B misdemeanor.

## **PROGRAMMING:**

**Sec. 10a-55m. (a) (2)** "Awareness programming" means institutional action designed to inform the campus community of the affirmative consent standard used pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section, and communicate the prevalence of sexual assaults, stalking and intimate partner violence, including the nature and number of cases of sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence reported at or disclosed to each institution of higher education in the preceding three calendar years, including, but not limited to, poster and flyer campaigns, electronic communications, films, guest speakers, symposia, conferences, seminars or panel discussions;

**Sec. 10a-55m. (a) (6)** “*Primary prevention programming*” means institutional action and strategies intended to prevent sexual assault, stalking and intimate partner violence before it occurs by means of changing social norms and other approaches, including, but not limited to, poster and flyer campaigns, electronic communications, films, guest speakers, symposia, conferences, seminars or panel discussions;

**“Risk Reduction”**

“*Risk Reduction*” is not statutorily defined. However, the Federal regulations for the Violence Against Women Act amendments to the Clery Act (VAWA), provides the following definition:

- Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for victims in order to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.

While VAWA’s definition is criticized as implying that victims can prevent sexual violence by participating in risk reduction programs, it is still helpful in categorizing institution’s sexual violence programs and initiatives for reporting purposes. Examples of risk reduction programs related to sexual violence include, but are not limited to, the following: blue safety lights on campus, self-defense classes, safety tips, bystander intervention techniques, the buddy system, rape whistles, and related educational programming.

**CONCERNING “REPORTS” vs. “DISCLOSURES” IN PART IV OF THE AFOREMENTIONED:**

A *disclosure* is a communication of an incident of sexual violence not accompanied with a request for an investigation or adjudication, although there may be a request for accommodations and referral to services.

A *report* is a disclosure accompanied by an immediate request for an investigation and adjudication.

Please direct all inquiries concerning this handbook to  
Gregory F. Daniels, Assistant Counsel,  
Connecticut State Colleges and Universities,  
at 860-723-0018 or [DanielsG@ct.edu](mailto:DanielsG@ct.edu).

SPRING 2016 SPEAKER SERIES



## EXPLORING RACE and IDENTITY



### Panel Discussion with the STONEWALL SPEAKERS

Lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people share personal stories about the LGBTQ experience in Connecticut.



**Thursday, April 7**

9 - 10:25 a.m.

Robert Miller Auditorium, Danielson Campus

**Friday, April 22**

9:30 - 11 a.m.

Willimantic Center

QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE



*United Services, Inc. Domestic Violence Program presents:*

## **In Her Shoes**

Monday, October 31, 2016, 12:00pm to 2:00pm

Quinebaug Valley Community College, Room 10, 729 Main Street, Willimantic, CT 06226

In Her Shoes is a two-hour interactive presentation that explores the lives of survivors of domestic violence. Participants will move, do, think, and experience the lives of women in an abusive relationship. It will allow participants to understand the severe challenges that survivors of domestic violence face each day and to help answer the question: Why doesn't she just leave?

For more information or to RSVP please contact [lperetto@usmhs.org](mailto:lperetto@usmhs.org) or [lbrown1@qvcc.edu](mailto:lbrown1@qvcc.edu)

Domestic Violence Program's Hotline Number: (860) 774-8648 or (860) 456-9476

Quinebaug Valley Community College Number: (860) 932-4299 (Please ask for Louise Brown)

*United Services, Inc. is a private, non-profit and comprehensive behavioral health center, creating healthy communities throughout northeast Connecticut for 50 years through mental health and social service programs, chemical abuse treatment, domestic violence programs, and community behavioral health prevention and education programs. With 12 locations and a staff of over 250, United Services operates more than 30 separate behavioral health programs, including the only domestic violence shelter for women and children in the region. For more information, visit [www.UnitedServicesCT.org](http://www.UnitedServicesCT.org)*



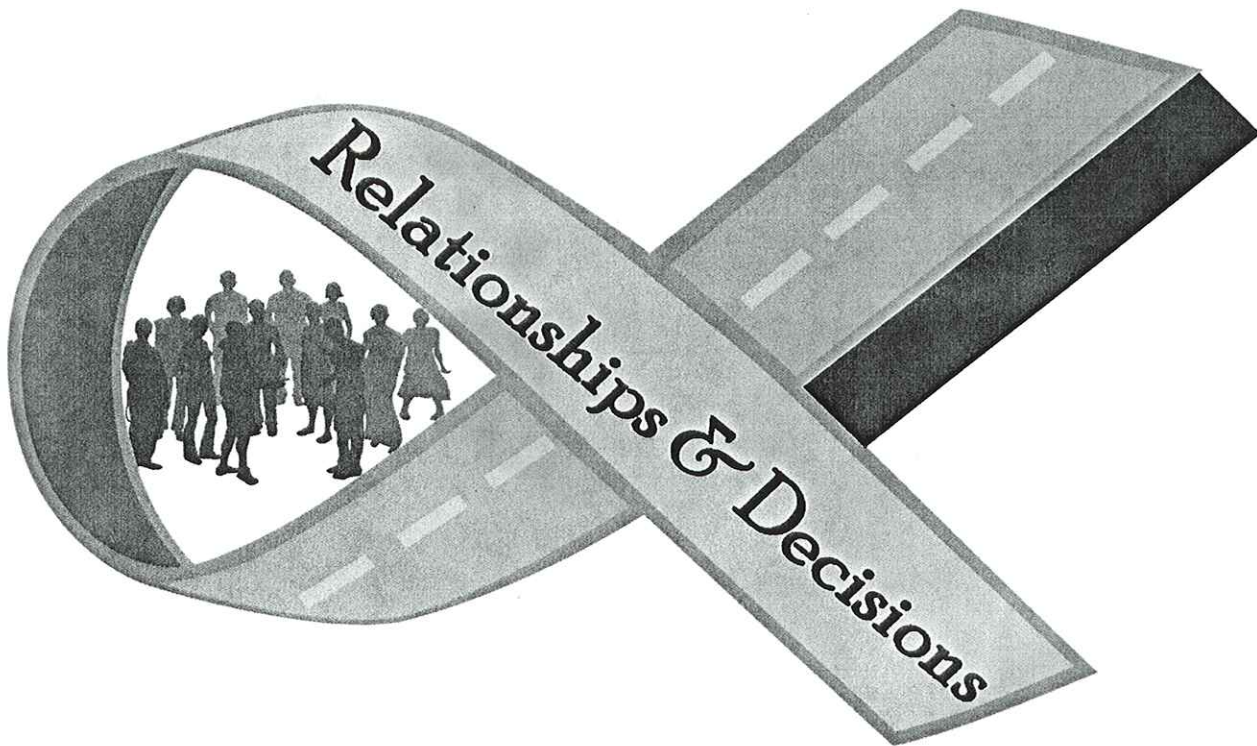
# UNITED SERVICES

## OCTOBER 26

11-1:00

*Q&A*

Patti-Sue Brown, Community Educator,  
speaks about **Domestic Violence Awareness Month**



*Providing a roadmap for healthy friendships and relationships*

Louise S. Brown  
Lbrown1@qvcc.commnet.edu  
860-932-4299  
Room C 151G – Student Affairs Office

AGREEMENT  
BETWEEN  
QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE  
AND  
SEXUAL ASSAULT CRISIS CENTER OF EASTERN CONNECTICUT, INC.

This AGREEMENT is entered into between the Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Eastern Connecticut, Inc. (SACCEC) and Quinebaug Valley Community College (QVCC) for the period of two years beginning on the date upon which the last authorized signature is affixed hereto. This AGREEMENT applies only to the provision of sexual assault victim intervention for victims of sexual assault who request or are in need of such counseling or services.

1. Purpose: The purpose of this AGREEMENT is to document the understanding between the above-mentioned parties regarding the implementation of advocacy, crisis intervention and counseling services for Quinebaug Valley Community College students, employees and faculty.

2. Background: With respect to and for the purpose of being in compliance with the requirements of Connecticut Public Act No. 14-11, AN ACT CONCERNING SEXUAL ASSAULT, STALKING AND INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE ON CAMPUS and The Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act, or Campus SaVE Act, (amendment to the federal Jeanne Clery Act, it is recognized that victims of sexual assault need assistance which requires specialized training and skills and which is available through a community-based organization. Thus, to fill QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE's commitment to its students and personnel and avoid duplication of services, QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE and SACCEC agree to work in partnership to assist victims of sexual assault.

3. Scope: The program is intended to provide assistance, advocacy, emotional support and information to victims of sexual assault during medical, investigative and legal procedures, and to insure that victims understand and can anticipate these procedures. In addition, the program is intended to inform victims of the availability of appropriate follow-up care. This AGREEMENT does not create additional jurisdiction or limit or modify existing jurisdiction vested in the parties. This AGREEMENT is not to be construed, in any way, as requiring QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE to expend funds or incur expenses.

4. Responsibilities:

a. It will be the responsibility of QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE to disseminate the information contained in this AGREEMENT to appropriate QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE personnel, to train appropriate personnel to contact SACCEC in cases of sexual assault and to designate a point of contact to coordinate with SACCEC. QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE will provide SACCEC with current information concerning QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE's policies regarding sexual assault reporting and sexual violence survivor support.



b. In compliance with CT Public Act No. 14-11, section 3(a) it will be the responsibility of QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE to establish and maintain a campus resource team (CRT).

c. It will be the responsibility of SACCEC to respond to incidents of sexual violence which occur on QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE property or involve QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE students or faculty within a reasonable time frame of a request, to help the victims understand the administrative, medical, investigative and legal processes so that they are prepared to cope with these complex systems and be able to make informed decisions; to provide medical and legal accompaniment and support; and to advise victims how to access professional counseling.

d. It will be the responsibility of SACCEC to serve as a member of the campus resource team, in compliance with CT Public Act No. 14-11, section 3(b).

5. Additional Requirements: The privacy of victims shall be protected. The victim's identity shall not be disclosed to the general public without the consent of the victim or as required by law. SACCEC is not required to provide information to QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE regarding the victim's identity.

6. Points of Contact:

a. **QUINEBAUG VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE:**

Dennis Sidoti, Director of Human Resources, EEO Officer & Title IX Coordinator  
860-932-4151

Email: dsidoti@qvcc.edu

b. **SACCEC:**

Georgette J. Katin, Executive Director  
860- 456-3595

Email: gkatin@snet.net

7. Modification and termination: This AGREEMENT shall be reviewed every two (2) years by both parties prior to the bi-yearly anniversary of the date upon which the last signature is affixed to this AGREEMENT. Unless modified or terminated pursuant to the terms of this provision, this AGREEMENT shall continue for additional and subsequent years thereafter.

This AGREEMENT may be modified or supplemented as needed and may be terminated at any time by mutual written consent of both parties. A 60-day written notice of modification or termination shall be delivered prior to such action.

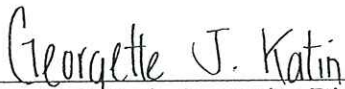
8. Effective date: This AGREEMENT is effective on the date the last signature is affixed and shall remain in effect until modified or terminated.



Dennis Sidoti, Dir of HR, EEO Officer, Title IX Coord.  
Quinebaug Valley Community College

10-10-2014

Date



Georgette J. Katin, Executive Director  
Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Eastern CT, Inc.

10-10-2014

Date

Final

## Agreement Between United Services, Domestic Violence Program and Quinnibaug Valley Community College

This Agreement is entered into by *Domestic Violence Program, United Services*, (United Services), and *Quinnibaug Valley Community College* (hereinafter referred to as QVCC or the College). This Agreement formalizes the commitment of the parties to work together to provide trauma-informed services to student and employee victims of domestic violence and stalking and to improve the overall response to dating violence, domestic violence and stalking at QVCC. The parties share the goal of preventing dating violence, domestic violence and stalking on the campus and in the community and responding appropriately to students and employees who are victims of domestic violence and stalking. This agreement does not preclude United Services from entering into a "for payment" contract with QVCC.

### *Description of the Partner Organizations*

United Services is a non-profit, community-based organization which offers a wide array of services designed to respond to the needs of domestic violence victims and their children throughout their journey to become free of abuse. Services are available to anyone who is a victim of domestic abuse, regardless of age, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, religion, economic status or disability. United Services provides free, confidential prevention and intervention services and support to include 24-hour hotline, emergency safe housing, risk assessment, counseling, court-based victim advocacy, information and referral.

QVCC was founded in 1971 and serves approximately 2000 for-credit students and 1500 non-credit students, and employs over 100 faculty and staff members. Its mission is to provide innovative educational, social, and cultural opportunities in a welcoming and supportive environment. In line with this mission, QVCC enforces Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972 which prohibits acts of sexual misconduct (sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking) at educational institutions and has created a Campus Resource Team and a Campus response Team, multidisciplinary teams of professionals devoted to ensuring a comprehensive, coordinated, effective response to issues of sexual misconduct.

### *History of Collaboration*

QVCC and United Services have collaborated for many years to provide information to students about dating violence, domestic violence and stalking and to organize educational programs for students at QVCC. This Agreement builds on the previous collaboration to provide services to victims and training to additional university officials as resources and capacity allow.

### *The Role of United Services*

United Services agrees to:

- A. Appoint a qualified staff member to focus on making services accessible to and appropriate for students and employees referred by QVCC.



- B. Appoint a qualified staff member to serve as a liaison with QVCC's Campus Resource Team.
- C. Continue to make 24-hour domestic violence hotline numbers available in both English and Spanish to students and employees of QVCC.
- D. Provide confidential crisis intervention, counseling, information and referral, and legal advocacy as requested by students and employees.
- E. Provide students and employees of QVCC with information on reporting options, including how to file a complaint with QVCC, how to report a crime to campus officials, and how to report a crime to the appropriate law enforcement organization. United Services will also offer to assist the student or employee throughout the process.
- F. Where feasible, United Services will provide QVCC with aggregate data periodically, such as on a semester or academic year basis, regarding incidents of domestic/dating violence and stalking to assist QVCC in identifying patterns or systemic problems related to domestic/dating violence and stalking that may exist at QVCC. No identifying information will be provided.
- G. Meet regularly with QVCC's Campus Resource Team. At these meetings United Services will:
- share information about the needs of victims and trends in dating violence, domestic violence and stalking,
  - discuss services provided by United Services, and additional services that may be needed by students and employees of QVCC.
  - discuss the effectiveness of QVCC's dating violence, domestic violence and stalking prevention and response programs.
- H. In coordination with QVCC, the staff at the Board of Regents for Higher Education and the Connecticut Coalition Against Domestic Violence (CCADV), provide training opportunities to QVCC student services staff and other employees and college officials involved in student conduct proceedings. Topics of these training sessions may include:
- incidence and prevalence of dating violence, domestic violence and stalking
  - types of dating violence, domestic violence and stalking
  - the effects of dating violence, domestic violence and stalking on victims
  - the crimes of family violence and stalking
  - orders of protection
  - the neurobiology of trauma as it relates to victims
  - safety planning and appropriate methods for interviewing and communication with victims.
- I. Assist QVCC with the development and provision of prevention and training to

students, employees and college officials.

- J. Participate, where feasible, on QVCC's Campus Resource Team and/or other coordinated team efforts, as deemed appropriate.

### *The Role of Quinebaug Valley Community College*

QVCC agrees to:

- A. Appoint a member of the Campus Resource Team to serve as the liaison with United Services.
- B. Provide training to United Services staff about on-campus resources that are available to student and employee victims of intimate partner violence and stalking; the federal and state requirements for colleges in responding to dating violence, domestic violence and stalking; reporting procedures for victims who wish to file a report with campus security and/or a complaint with QVCC officials; the student code of conduct and disciplinary process; and the educational accommodations that can be provided to victims of domestic violence.
- C. Provide printed and online materials about reporting options for students and employees, including information about how to file a complaint with QVCC and how to report a crime to the law enforcement agency with the appropriate jurisdiction.
- D. Inform United Services about the reporting obligations of QVCC employees and identify those school employees with whom students can speak confidentially (and any exceptions to that confidentiality.)
- E. Inform United Services about QVCC's prohibitions on retaliation, how allegations of retaliation can be reported, and what protections are available for students and employees who experience retaliation.
- F. Ensure availability of the Campus Resource Team Coordinator to meet regularly with United Services.
- G. Collaborate with United Services on prevention approaches and activities.
- H. Conduct victim satisfaction surveys or use other methods to assess the effectiveness of the services provided to students and employees.
- I. Ensure meeting space is available, upon request, for CCADV staff to meet students and employees.

### *Confidentiality*

United Services and QVCC affirm the importance of providing students and employees with options for confidential services and support. All services provided by United Services to students and employees of Eastern will be kept confidential except in the



following circumstances:

- A. If the student or employee wants information shared with the law enforcement agency with the appropriate jurisdiction, United Services will obtain informed consent for release of information. When releases of information are required, they will be written, informed, and reasonably time-limited.
- B. QVCC is committed to maintaining the privacy of student record information, consistent with the law, especially with respect to matters pertaining to sexual violence. The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) requires that the QVCC not provide access to or disclose personally identifiable student information maintained in QVCC records without the prior written consent of the student, unless access or disclosure is permitted or required pursuant to the limited provisions of FERPA that permits access or disclosure to such information without the student's prior written consent.
- C. The privacy of victims shall be protected. The victim's identity shall not be disclosed to the general public without the consent of the victim or as required by law.
- D. If the federal or state law requires disclosure because there is an imminent risk of harm to self or others, QVCC's Title IX Coordinator will determine: 1) who will be notified; 2) in what form; 3) what information will be provided to the victim regarding this disclosure; and, 4) what steps will be taken to protect the victim from the imminent risk.

### *Term of This Agreement*

This agreement shall be in force from July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Paul Martland, Dean of Administrative Services

*Quinebaug Valley Community College*

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

President/CEO Diane L. Manning

United Services

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# **Quinebaug Valley Community College**

## **Campus Resource Team**

### **FY17 Membership**

#### **1. QVCC Members**

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| a. Jo-Ann Black     | Academic Division Director                             |
| b. Louise Brown     | Developmental Education Specialist                     |
| c. Karla Desjardins | Associate Director of Human Resources                  |
| d. Heath Hightower  | Assoc. Professor, Human Services Program Coordinator   |
| e. Amy Kacerik      | Director of Student Services                           |
| f. Mark Lowe        | Asst. Professor  |
| g. Paul Martland    | Dean of Administration, HR Director, & Title IX Coord. |
| h. Brandy Mercado   | QVCC Student (to be confirmed)                         |
| i. Kim Rich         | Director of Financial Aid                              |
| j. Alfred Williams  | Dean of Academic Affairs and Student Services          |

#### **2. Third Party Service Providers**

- |                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| a. Patti-Sue Brown | Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Eastern Connecticut |
| b. Maria Busineau  | United Services, Inc. Domestic Violence Program     |

#### **3. Law Enforcement & Security**

- |                        |                                   |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| a. Sgt. Daniel Deptula | Connecticut State Police, Troop D |
| b. David Tatro         | Allied Barton Security            |
| c. Vacancy             | Willimantic Police Department     |

## **Student-related Domestic and Sexual Violence Intervention Protocol**

**When students communicate that they want to discuss domestic and/or sexual violence concerns with you (administrator, faculty, and/or staff), please follow these steps:**

- 1. Before a student shares details, please tell the student:**

**“I appreciate that you contacted me. Out of respect for you, I want you to know upfront that I am a mandated reporter. That means there are possible limits to what can remain private between us. If you indicate that you are going to hurt yourself, or someone else, we will need to include others in our conversation. This is to insure the safety and well-being of you and others.”**

**\*If the student declines to discuss their concern any further, please offer them a resource list, encourage them to seek assistance from a listed resource, and let them know that you are willing to help them connect to an appropriate resource.**

**\*\*If the student decides to share details with you, proceed to #2.**

- 2. Let the student know what their options are:**

- a. Discuss their concerns with an administrator**
- b. Seek medical evaluation and treatment if needed.**
- c. Contact local law enforcement officials**
- d. Contact local sexual and domestic violence support programs**
- e. Do nothing at this time.**

**\*If you and the student are not sure what to do, contact an available administrator.**

**\*\*If an administrator is not immediately available, ask a campus security officer to contact an administrator.**

- 3. Document the student encounter by completing the domestic and sexual violence tracking form.**

**\*This form should be completed by the administrator, faculty member, or staff member who last assisted the student with addressing their concern.**

- 4. Please submit all completed domestic and sexual violence tracking forms to Paul Martland**



## Reporting Options for Victims of Sexual Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking

- **QVCC Administrators, Faculty, and Staff**

Paul Martland	Dean of Administration	C225A	860-932-4124	<a href="mailto:pmartland@qvcc.edu">pmartland@qvcc.edu</a>
Alfred Williams	Dean of Academic Affairs & Student Services	E229A	860-932-4050	<a href="mailto:awilliams@qvcc.edu">awilliams@qvcc.edu</a>
Jo-Ann Black	Academic Division Director	E229B	860-932-4059	<a href="mailto:jblack@qvcc.edu">jblack@qvcc.edu</a>
Louise Brown	Developmental Education Specialist	C151G	860-932-4299	<a href="mailto:lbrown1@qvcc.edu">lbrown1@qvcc.edu</a>
Heath Hightower	Human Services Program Coordinator	E234E	860-932-4139	<a href="mailto:hhightower@qvcc.edu">hhightower@qvcc.edu</a>
Amy Kacerik	Director of Student Services	C151B	860-932-4104	<a href="mailto:akacerik@qvcc.edu">akacerik@qvcc.edu</a>
Randy Sanders	Interim Coordinator of the Willimantic Center		860-336-0907	<a href="mailto:rsanders@qvcc.edu">rsanders@qvcc.edu</a>

- **Area Hospitals**

Day Kimball Hospital	320 Pomfret St.	Putnam CT 06260	860-928-6541
Windham Hospital	112 Mansfield Ave.	Willimantic CT 06266	860-456-9116
Backus Hospital	326 Washington St.	Norwich CT 06360	860-889-8331
ProHealth Clinic at Day Kimball** (** extended hours & weekends)	320 Pomfret St.	Putnam CT 06260	888-344-0007

- **Law Enforcement Agencies**

CT State Police – Troop D	55 Westcott Rd.	Danielson CT	860-779-4900
Willimantic Police Department	22 Meadow St.	Willimantic CT	860-465-3135

- **Additional Resources for Veterans**

Veterans Crisis Hotline (available 24/7):	800-273-8255
Veterans Mental Health Crisis Hotline:	800-273-8255 – Press #1 (or text to 838255)

- **Important Information concerning confidentiality of reporting:**

College administrators, area hospitals, and law enforcement agencies will take all lawful steps to preserve confidentiality of any information reported by victims. However, all three groups have responsibilities under Federal and State laws that may require them under certain specific circumstances to disclose information about reported incidents. **As such these organizations cannot guarantee complete confidentiality of information reported to them.**

- **QVCC has contracts with two independent providers of counseling services who, by State law and Professional Ethics, can provide the highest level of confidentiality allowable under State and Federal laws.**

**For Sexual Violence issues: Sexual Assault Crisis Center of Eastern CT**  
90 South Park St. Willimantic CT 06266  
24 hour hotline – English 860-999-5545  
24 hour hotline – Spanish 860-568-8332

**For Domestic Violence Issues: United Services Domestic Violence Program**  
132 Mansfield Ave. Willimantic CT 06266  
24 hour hotline 860-456-2261

- **If asked to do so, QVCC staff will assist victims in making contact with any of the above agencies**

**QVCC Tracking form for Sexual Assault, Sexual Harassment, Stalking or Intimate Partner Violence Disclosure**

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

To: Paul Martland, Dean of Administration & Title IX Coordinator

From: \_\_\_\_\_ Department \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Student/Employee \_\_\_\_\_ Banner ID \_\_\_\_\_

*You may use initials only for Disclosure only. Identity will not be disclosed except in very limited circumstances*

**Your understanding of why the student/employee disclosed the information to you:**

\_\_\_\_\_ **Disclosure only:** Share information without a request for conduct investigation

\_\_\_\_\_ **Seeking to initiate a formal investigation:** Action by the College is required

\_\_\_\_\_ **Seeking information on resources available at the College or elsewhere to help them deal with the issue.** If resources were provided to the student/employee please list them below:

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Date of Report/Disclosure: \_\_\_\_\_

**General Category of report/disclosure:**

\_\_\_\_\_ Sexual Harassment

\_\_\_\_\_ Sexual Assault

\_\_\_\_\_ Stalking

\_\_\_\_\_ Intimate Partner Violence

\_\_\_\_\_ Domestic Violence

\_\_\_\_\_ Dating Violence

**Additional Comments:**